

Federal Bureau of Investigation Freedom of Information / Privacy Acts

Release

Subject: Ph File 105-1457

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 04-22-2011 BY 60322/UC/LRP/PLJ/sdb

NATIONAL CITIZENS PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION, INC., IS-X

105-1457*

1. Circular entitled "The Kiss of Death" issued by CITIZENS PROTECTIVE ASSN., PO Box 156, St. Louis 3, Mo. (10-21-58). (see sevel 7).

105-1452-14

ISEARCHED INDEXED

SERIALIZED FILED

OCT 8 1 1858

FBI - PHILE SLPHIA

b6 b7C

Date Received 9/25/54 From ... Allewrows. Pe (Addiebutor) By Mail FU A//witum M/ (Name of the Li Agent) To Be Returned Yes () No (X Circular estitled "The Kiss of Death" issued by citizens Protective ASSN. POBON 156 ST LOUIS 3. MO 105-1457-1A/ to Burum 10 /11 5typhe

Aurum 10 /11 5typhe

Aurum

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 04-22-2011 BY 60322/UC/LRP/PLJ/sdb

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE

DATE 04-22-2011

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

FORM	No.	1	
THIS	Case	ORIGINATED	AT

er. fours

REPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN MADE		REPORT MADE BY	
.t. ing, missonal	5-107-54	15, 20/5/		naf
TITE CHANGED			CHARACTER OF CASE	
NATIONAL CITIZENS PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION, INC.			INTERNAL SECURITY - X	

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

The NCPA continues to be active as an anti-Negro organization with national headquarter established at 3154a South Grand Blvd., St. Louis, Mo. Mailing address remains PO Box 156, St. Louis 3, Mo. In the fall of 1953, NCPA merged with the Southern Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, following the public resignation from the Klan of BILL HENDRIX, former Grand Dragon. Conference of officials from both organizations decided that Klan would continue to operate on an underground basis while many Klan members would be enrolled in the NCPA for the purpose of carrying on open activities in combatting the Negro problem. BILL HENDRIX was subsequently appointed NCPA area director for the Tri-State area of Florida-Georgia-Alabama. NCPA reports the establishment of new chapters in Illinois, Tennessee, Michigan, and Florida. Main activity of organization continues to be centered around the National Chapter at St. Louis where regular monthly meetings are held. Reliable source states NCPA claims membership of 250 persons in St. Louis area. New constitution and by-laws which were adopted in July, 1953, are set out. Organization continues its publication "The White Sentinelⁿ as its official organ with monthly circulation of 1800 copies. Organization presently possesses \$2,000 worth of printing equipment and publishes considerable amount of anti-Negro literature which is widely distributed. NCPA continues to closely follow legislation pending in National and various State Legislatures effecting segregation. Leaders are strictly opposed to end of segregation in armed forces. NCPA representatives in Florida have filed suit against Federal Government challenging the authority of Government to override State segregation laws. During 1953 NCPA recruited many members at large throughout the United States and are endeavoring to increase membership and establish new chapters. List of numerous NCPA contacts set out.

			105 - 1457	1-/
APPROVED AND FORWARDED:	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE		DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACE	
		that .	SEARCHED INDEXED IN	·.
	COPIES OF THIS REPORT	50	SERIALIZED Char FILED Char	
(See next	page for copies		MAY20 1954	
	J With		FBI - PHILADELPHIA	
12/10		<u> </u>		<u></u>
1777	of Specific Land		honde any necessary	Judefing

PROPERTY OF FBI This confidential report and its contents are loaded to you by the FBI and are not to be WEAL distributed outside of agency to which loaned.

U S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 18-60637-1

b70

TABLE OF CONTENTS

			Page
I.	CENE	RAL ACTIVITIES	2-21
	A. B.	headquarters and Mailing Address Scope of Activities	2 3
		l. Merger with Southern Knights of KuKlux Klan2. Establishment of New Chapters	3 5
	\$	Chicago, Illinois Springfield, Illinois Nashville, Temmessee Knoxville, Tennessee Detroit, Michigan Tri-State Area (Florida-Alabama-Georgia) Jacksonville, Florida Dayton, Ohio Washington, D. C.	5 8 9 10 10 11 13
		3. Activities of Established Chapters	14
		LaFollette, Tennessee St. Louis, Missouri	14 15-18
		4. Membership	19
	C.	Publications	19
	D.	Finances	19-21
II.	OFF	ICERS	21-23
	A. National Officers B. National Executive Board C. St. Louis Chapter D. Chicago Chapter E. Springfield, Illinois Chapter F. Nashville Chapter G. LaFollette Chapter H. Knoxville Chapter I. Detroit Chapter J. Tri-State Area K. Jacksonville Chapter L. Dayton Chapter		21 21 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 23 23

TABLE OF CONTENTS

			Page
III.	ST	ATED AIMS AND OBJECTIVES	23 - 40
		stitution of NCPA Laws	23 - 33 33 - 40
IV.	ACT	TON TAKEN TO IMPLEMENT PROGRAMS	41-48
	B. C.	Statements of Leaders Literature Dissiminated Statements Showing Stand on White Supremacy Future Activity	41 44 47 48
V_{ullet}	MISC	ELLANEOUS	49
		Anti-Jewish Stand by NCPA Opposition by CRC	49 50
.IV	CON	TACTS OF NCPA THROUGHOUT COUNTRY	
	(Al	phabetical by States)	50 -65

6 - Bureau (105-16510)

1 - AC of S, G-2 Chicago

1 - AS of S, G-2 St. Louis

2 - OSI, Chanute Field, Illinois

1 - ONI, Chicago

2 - Chicago

2 - Detroit (100-21338)

2 - Knoxville (105-89)

2 - Memphis (105-76)

2 - Miami (105-579)

2 - Mobile (105-58)

1 - All other Continental Offices (for info)

3 - St. Louis (100-10834)

DETAILS: AT ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI

The title of this case is being marked "Changed" to indicate incorporation of the National Citizens Protective Association, as reflected on the newest letterhead of the organ published in April, 1954.

For the purpose of brevity in reporting, the National Citizens Protective Association, Inc., will hereafter be referred to as the NCPA.

All informants furnishing information in this report are of known reliability unless otherwise indicated.

Information contained in this report not attributed to any other source was furnished by T-l of known reliability.

I. GENERAL ACTIVITIES

A. Headquarters and Mailing Address

According to T-1, in October, 1953, the NCPA established National Headquarters at 3154a South Grand Boulevard, St. Louis, Missouri. This space has been rented by the organization for \$80.00 per month and is used for maintaining a library in addition to all records, supplies, and printing equipment. The office consists of the entire second floor of a two-story building and has four rooms. According to this source, the "White Sentinel", official organ of the NCPA, as well as all other literature published by the organization, is published at this address. The office is also used by the Executive Board meetings of the St. Louis Chapter.

General membership meetings of the organization are presently being held on the third Thursday night of each month at Albrecht's Hall, 3149 Arsenal, St. Louis, Missouri. In the past some meetings have been held at Liederkranz Hall, 2163 South Grand Boulevard, St. Louis, Missouri.

The official mailing address of the organization continues to be Post Office Box 156, St. Louis 3, Missouri.

B. Scope of Activities

1. Merger with Southern Knights of Ku Klux Klan.

In June, 1953, informant T-1 advised that a conference was held at Columbus, Georgia, on June 19, and June 20, 1953, between officials of the NCPA and the officials of the Southern Knights of the KKK. One purpose of this meeting was to discuss the possible merger between the two organizations. At this conference it was pointed out that the Southern Nights of the KKK had suffered severely due to recent adverse publicity and severe pursecution of Klan members. It was pointed out that a merger of the two groups would allow Klan members to form chapters of the NCPA which would allow them to operate in the open in combatting the Negro problem.

According to T-1 the secondary purpose of this conference was to have an understanding with HARRY PYLE of Memphis, Tennessee. According to FOREST WOLF, National Chairman of the NCPA, HARRY PYLE had been taken into the organization and appointed to membership on the National Executive Board because it was believed that he had organizational ability and would be of assistance to the organization. However, after attaining this position, PYLE then proceeded to make efforts to take over the NCPA and was in effect dictating policy to FOREST WOLF and other officials of the organization. FOREST WOLF also indicated that PYLE began a victous personal attack against WOLF and JOHN W. HAMILTON, National Organizer for the NCPA. WOLF stated that PYLE had written letters to many people throughout the country in which he attempted to smear both WOIF and HAMILTON and advised persons engaged in anti-Negro activity not to have any contact with them.

T-1 advised that at this conference which was also attended by HARRY PYLE, WOLF vigorously attacked PYLE for his actions and "read him out of the organization", stating that he was removing PYLE from the National Executive Board and removing his name from membership in the organization.

'n.

An article appearing in the September, 1953 issue of "The White Sentinel", official organ of the NCPA, states that conferences were held at Clearwater and St. Petersburg, Florida, between officials of the NCPA and members of the Southern Knights of the KKK. The article states that at these meetings plans were laid for state wide activities in Florida and the establishment of chapters throughout the state. The article states in part, "Our friends there inform us that the people in this section are ripe for organization. The nefarious activities of the mongrelizers are awakening the white citizens of the South."

In November, 1953, T-1 advised that a special Florida Edition of "The white Sentinel" was being printed by the NCPA to be used by BILL HENDRIX as an aid in organizing the Tri-State area of Georgia, Florida, and Alabama. This source advised that the front page of this edition contained three photographs of whites and negroes mixing socially.

In the fall of 1953 T-1 advised that in early September, 1953, FOREST W. WOLF and JOHN W. HAMILTON, officials of the NCPA, met in Florida with BILL HENDRIX and other officers of the Southern Knights of the KKK, at which time they further discussed the merger of the two organizations. At this meeting it was decided that the Klan would have to revert to an underground status because of recent prosecutions. It was decided that chapters of the NCPA would be organized under the leadership of BILL HENDRIX and other Klan officials and members, in view of the fact that NCPA was an organization which could operate in the open.

According to T-1, members of the National Executive Board of the NCPA approved a new application form to be used by new members in the Tri-State area; under this system one copy of the application would be given to the applicant as a receipt, one copy would be kept by the local organizer, and the third copy would be sent to the National Office in St. Louis, Missouri.

T-2 advised in the latter part of 1953 BILL HENDRIX planned as soon as he was satisfied that the public and the FBI were convinced that the rlan was non-existent to solicit key men from the membership of the Southern Knights of the KKK to be used to head local chapters of the NCPA. HENDRIX indicated that he or other high officials of the Southern Knights of the KKK would presently contact these men and outline the program of the NCPA. HENDRIX also indicated that in the past there had been too many members in the Klan and that from this point on, membership in the NCPA would be limited to ten persons per chapter. HENDRIX also advised that there would be no more demonstrations or large meetings and

that all group affairs would be held at private homes. HENDRIX stated that the NCPA campaign in that area would be anti-Jewish and anti-Negro inasmuch as the Jews and the Communists are the ones behind the Negro fight for the elimination of segregation.

The October, 1953, issue of "The White Sentinel" contained a statement by BILL HENDRIX of Tallahassee, Florida, who is described as "the former imperial emperor of the United Klans of America.

The following is quoted in part from this statement by HENDRIX: "I went to St. Louis and thoroughly investigated the National Citizens Protective Association. These people have a fine program which sould be put on all over the United States. They are for those things which give each person freedom and liberty as individuals. They are against those things which would take away the constitutional rights of the citizens of the United States. This organization is against the mixing of the races and believes that the segregation of the races is the best policy for this country to follow. A mixed race is a mogrelized race and is against the laws of God. I am proud to join with the National Citizens Protective Association in their fight for religious freedom and constitutional rights set down by our forefathers. I have been made director of the Tri-State area made up of Alabama, Georgia, and Florida, and I will work with everything I can give to help the NCPA carry out our program of Americanism."

The same issue of "The White Sentinel" contains a statement of the National Executive Board of the NCPA which is signed by HELEN M. WOLF, secretary. This statement welcomes BILL HENDRIX into the NCPA as director of the Tri-State area and states that this was accomplished after sixteen months of correspondence and four meetings with HENDRIX in Florida or St. Louis, Missouri. This article also states that FRANCIS McHALE of Jackson-ville, Florida, will retain the position of State Chairman of the NCPA in Florida.

2. Establishment of New Chapters

Chicago, Illinois

The June, 1953 issue of the "White Sentinel" carried an article stating that a meeting would be held at Chicago, Illinois, on June 27, 1953, for the purpose of forming a chapter of the NCPA. This article states that many friends of the organization had been very active in the Chicago area and that a great deal of literature had been distributed.

It continues that this meeting would be conducted by GEORGE SUDBECK, Chicago, Illinois, a member of the National Executive Board and that it would be attended by officials of the organization from St. Louis.

The July, 1953 issue of the same publication states that the Chicago Chapter of the NCPA was organized at a meeting held on June 27, 1953, at the Atlantic Hotel in Chicago. It states that speakers at this meeting were CEORGE SUDBECK of Chicago, and JOHN W. HAMILTON of St. Louis. The article continues that several people became charter members of the organization at this meeting and that many other individuals signified an interest in the activities of the NCPA and that many had subscribed to the "White Sentinel".

According to T-1, in August of 1953 FOREST W. WOLF, National Chairman, stated that he was dissatisfied with the Chicago Chapter because they had asked the National Board to allot them \$25 and 500 copies of the "White Sentinel" in addition—to a reduced subscription rate in order that they could get the Chicago Chapter functioning sooner. WOLF stated that he had to turn them down on this because the organization was just breaking even on expenses and could not afford to carry any chapter. WOLF stated that each chapter was expected to carry its own load financially.

The September of 1953 issue of "The White Sentinel" stated that GEORGE SUDBECK and other officers of the Chicago Chapter were working hard signing up new members for the organization and subscribers to the "White Sentinel". The article continued that individuals were working in teams and canvassing areas block by block. This article stated that the new mailing address for the Chicago Chapter of the NCPA was Post Office Box 391, Chicago 90, Illinois.

The November, 1953 issue of "The White Sentinel" contained an article stating that the first mass meeting of the Chicago Chapter was held at Liberty Hall, 817 East 92nd Street, on November 5, 1953, and stated that over 200 individuals attended this meeting at which speakers were ŒORGE SUDEECK, member of the National Executive Board, and JOHN W. HAMILTON, National organizer. It states that this meeting was chaired by FRED KLOCKLING and that a large quantity of literature was sold.

In a letter to members of the NCPA dated October 26, 1953, over the facsimile signature of HELEN M. WOLF, National Secretary-Treasurer, it was stated that a special meeting of the National Chapter of the NCPA would be held in St. Louis, Missouri, on October 29, 1953. This letter

&L 100-10834

stated that Mr. FRED KIOCKLING, Chicago leader of the NCPA, would be the guest speaker. It continued that Mr. KLOCKLING has many interesting and enlightening things to report on the situation in Chicago. The letter stated that KLOCKLING is an authority on the Negro subject and is well versed on the problem. The letter continues that the terrible conditions existing in Chicago are examples to white Americans as to what will happen all over the nation if the growing Negro menace is allowed to continue uninterrupted and unopposed. It also stated that the Chicago Chapter is very active and that two mass meetings are planned there for the near future.

According to T-1 in January of 1954 FOREST WOLF, National Chairman, stated that he was disappointed with what GEORGE SUDBECK of the Chicago Chapter was doing. WOLF stated that SUDBECK was again seeking aid in fighting what he termed "the money question", stating that SUDBECK believed that all problems lead back to the money problem and that he continually brought up the matter. WOLF stated that when SUDBECK was out recruiting members for the NCPA, he would often refer to the money question" and that this fact kept many people from joining the Chicago Chapter of the NCPA. WOLF stated that he could see no reason for the NCPA to take on a crusade of this kind because it would too much diversify the goals of the organization and it was complicated for the average man to understand. WOLF stated that he thought SUDBECK was more interested in his own question than he was in working for the good of the NCPA.

The February, 1954 issue of the "White Sentinel" contains an article stating that the Chicago Chapter held a mass meeting on Sunday, January 24, 1954 at Liberty Hall in Chicago. It stated that this meeting was attended by well over 200 persons and that the speakers included National Organizer JOHN W. HAMILTON, Mrs. SCHURINGA, GEORGE SUDBECK, and others, and stated that 19 new members joined the Chicago Chapter at this meeting which was chaired by FRED KLOCKLING.

In a letter to members of the NCPA dated February 15, 1954, over the signature of HELEN M. WOLF, Secretary-Treasurer, it is stated that the situation in Chicago continues to grow worse and that the white citizens of South Chicago are up in arms against the mongrelizing policies of the City and State politicians.

The March, 1954 issue of "The White Sentinel" announces a mass meeting of the Chicago Chapter to be held on Friday, April 2, 1954 at Barney's Grill Hall, 9231 South Houston Avenue, Chicago, Illinois. This

article urges all leaders in the Chicago area to attend and states that the speakers will be JOHN W. HAMILTON, National Organizer and editor of the "White Sentinel", as well as ŒORŒE SUDBECK, and others.

In March, 1954 T-l advised that GEORGE SUDBECK of Chicago, Illinois was being invited to St. Louis to speak before a meeting of the Executive Board of the St. Louis Chapter of the NCFA. In connection with the appearance of SUDBECK, FOREST W. WOLF stated that SUDBECK was again seeking aid in fighting "the money question". WOLF stated that the purpose in inviting SUDBECK to St. Louis was to set him straight on the fact that the NCFA does not want anything to do with the money question and that when SUDBECK is involved in NCFA activities in the future, he is not to bring up the money question.

In April, 1954, T-l advised that according to JOHN W. HAMILTON, HAMILTON had spoken at a meeting of the Chicago Chapter on April 2, 1954. He stated that after the meeting SUDBECK had gotten into an argument with a newly recruited member over the "money question".

According to HAMILTON, a meeting of the National Executive Board of the NCPA had discussed the matter of SUDBECK and had decided that he was doing serious harm to the organization and that he should be discharged frommembership from the National Executive Board. HAMILTON stated that the Executive Board had, in fact, voted in favor of discharging SUDBECK from his position. HAMILTON further stated that the Chicago Chapter is now a good sized organization and that soonregular monthly meetings would be held and new officers would be elected.

Springfield, Illinois

According to T-1, no active chapter has yet been organized in the Springfield area; however, both FOREST and HELEN WOLF, National Officers, have remarked on several occasions that they intend to make a trip to Springfield, Illinois, in order to organize a chapter in that city.

Nashville, Tennessee

In August, 1953 according to T-1, FOREST WOLF, National Chairman, and JOHN W. HAMILTON, National Organizer of the NCPA, had stated that they had recently made a trip to Nashville, Tennessee, to organize a chapter of the NCPA. They indicated that the Nashville Chapter was being organized under the leadership of an ex-policeman.

The August, 1954 issue of "The White Sentinel" states that a

meeting was held in Nashville, Tennessee, on August 8, 1953, for the purpose of organizing a chapter of the NCPA and states that this meeting was attended by organization officials from St. Louis and by ARTHUR COLE, a member of the LaFollette, Tennessee Chapter. The article states that an application for a charter for the Nashville Chapter was duly signed and notarized by five members and that it has been accepted by the National Executive Board. The article continues that a copy of the National Charter of the organization was presented to the Nashville Chapter.

In a letter to members of the NCPA dated August 17, 1953 from HELEN WOLF, National Secretary-Treasurer, it is stated that officials of the organization from St. Louis had attended a recent meeting in Nashville for the purpose of forming a chapter there. The letter states that officers for the Nashville Chapter were elected at this meeting.

Knoxville, Tennessee

The February, 1954 issue of "The White Sentinel" states that on February 13, 1954, a meeting was held in Knoxville, Tennessee, for the purpose of organizing a chapter in that city. The article states that as this issue was going to press the results of this meeting had not been received.

In a letter to NCPA members dated February 15, 1954, from the National Secretary-Treasurer, the letter stated that a meeting was recently held in Knoxville, Tennessee, for the purpose of attempting to establish a Chapter in that city and states that this meeting had been planned by ARTHUR B. COLE, a member of the National Executive Board and that COLE was working hard throughout Eastern Tennessee in an effort to build the organization in that area.

Informant T-3 of unknown reliability but who has been in business in the Knoxville area for a number of years and familiar with certain activities in that city, advised in January, 1954, that CHARLES E. MILLS of Jellico, Tennessee was attempting to interest people in the Knoxville area in the activities of the NCPA. According to this informant, MILLS was distributing copies of the "White Sentinel" and other literature published by the NCPA in the Knoxville area. According to this source, MILLS stated that the NCPA did not have an organization in Knoxville at the present time but that a chapter would be established there if enough people showed an interest in the aims of the organization.

In April, 1954, T-1 advised that according to FOREST WOLF, National Chairman, a petition had been received by the National Office for a charter to be granted to a NCPA Chapter in Knoxville, Tennessee. According to WOLF, this petition was presented to a meeting of the National Executive Board held on April 3, 1954 and was approved. WOLF indicated that the Knoxville Chapter was established through the organizing efforts of ARTHUR COLE and CHARLES MILLS of Jellico, Tennessee.

Detroit, Michigan

The September, 1953 issue of the "White Sentinel" contained an articles which stated that the Detroit Chapter of the NCPA had established an office and had the services of a hall seating 50 people. The article states that any readers of "The White Sentinel" in the Detroit area who desired to join the Detroit Chapter should contact the chairman, Mr. CASS. The article also states that two members who had formerly belonged to the Jellico, Tennessee Chapter have recently joined the Chapter in Detroit. The articles also states that much organizational work in the Detroit area was being done by Mr. A. V. PREDKI, an officer of the Detroit Chapter.

Confidential Informant T-4 advised in March, 1954, that there was no information at present which would indicate that the NCPA actually has a functioning organization in the Detroit area.

Tri-State Area

(Florida-Alabama-Georgia)

According to T-1 BILL HENDRIX, a member of the National Executive Board, has been appointed NCPA Regional Director in the Tri-State area, Florida, Alabama, and Georgia, as reported in a previous section of this report.

The November, 1953 issue of the "White Sentinel" in an article announcing the appointment of BILL HENDRIX as director of the Tri-State area, states that according to HENDRIX the response to the NCPA has been good and that several chapters of this organization should be established within a short period of time in that area. This article states that as part of the organizational drive in this area, the film "Birth of a Nation" was shown to audiences all over the State of Florida and southern Georgia.

-10-

The article continues that racial minorities have been very successful in supressing the showing of this film "because they claim it stirs up racial animosity". The articles concludes that this film has a powerful message for white Americans today, and that it is the hope of the NCPA that this film can be exhibited all over the country.

The February, 1954 issue of the same publication contains an article captioned "BILL HENDRIX Sues Defense Chief", which is an article quoted from the February 4 issue of the Miami herald. This article states that BILL HENDRIX, regional director of the NCPA in Florida, Alabama, and Georgia, has filed suit against Secretary of befense, CHARLES E. WILSON in an effort to block recent defense department ruling which would abolish segregation at military posts by September, 1955. The article continues that HENDRIX, who is running for the House of Representatives from Leon County, has charged that the Defense order violates the Preamble to the Constitution. HENDRIX further charged that the order violated the religious belief of many persons because "segregation is the law of God." The article continues that according to HENDRIX the order also takes away the states' constitutionally delegated powers and also violates the 13th and 14th Amendments.

Jacksonville, Florida

The August, 1953 issue of the "White Sentinel" contains an article stating that an NCPA Chapter had been organized at Jacksonville, Florida, and that FRANCIS McHALE of Jacksonville had been chosen State Chairman of the NCPA in Florida in a meeting held at the Roosevelt Hotel at Jacksonville on July 11, 1953. It states that McHALE is well qualified to hold this position inasmuch as he is fully acquainted with the situation which confronts Americans and has the courage and determination to act.

The December, 1953 issue of the "White Sentinel" contains an article entitled "NCPA Leader Enters Suit to Restore Segregation." This article is a re-print of a news item which appeared in the New York. Times for December 10, 1953. It states that FRANCIS M. McHALE had filed suit in Federal Court to have segregation restored at Naval Bases, arguing that the mingling of Negroes and whites eventually could cause mankind to revert to "Semian" traits. It states that McHALE who is Florida Chairman of the NCPA, has asserted that the 14th Amendment in not and should not be held and considered a part of the United States Constitution," because it was ratified after the Civil War when residents in about twelve states were denied the right and privilege of sufferage. The

--11-

S£ 100-10834

article states that McHALF had named the Secretary of the Navy and the Attorney General as defendants in his suit. This article also contains comments re-printed from the Jacksonville Journal and the Pensacola Journal written relative to McHALE's suit.

In conclusion, the above article states that for many years it has been the mongrelizers who have been on the defensive, flooding the courts with cases aimed at "destroying our white American way of life." The article calls for all white Americans to rally to the support of Mr. McHALE and the NCPA in their efforts for a free, white, America.

The January, 1954 issue of the "White Sentinel" contains an article concerning the above suit filed by FRANCIS M. McHALE, which states that McHALE's suit was thrown out of Federal Court. The article calls for help for McHALE in order that he might appeal the suit to the U. S. Supreme Court, stating, "Let's show the world that the white man can go to the Supreme Court to protect his rights as well as the minorities." It states that in order for McHALE to appeal this case to the Supreme Court, it will be necessary to raise thousands of dollars. The article continues by calling for moral and financial support to support McHALE's suit in behalf of the NCPA.

The February, 1954 issue of the "White Sentinel" contains an article regarding McHALE which states that McHALE favors repeal of the controversial 14th Amendment to the United States Constitution and states that McHALE has qualified for candidate for the State House of Representatives in the Florida May Primary and states that in this regard, McHALE advocates and pledges to work for a change in the Florida State Constitution which would provide that the legislature shall have authority at any time to abolish public school systems and state operated universities in the event the United States Supreme Court rules against segregation. It states "The Florida State Chairman of the NCPA is a hard and courageous fighter for the rights, welfare, and freedom of the white man in America. We must fight for our rights or we are lost."

The March, 1954 issue of the "White Sentinel" states that FRANCIS M. McHALE, Florida State Chairman and counsel for the NCPA had petitioned the U. S. Supreme Court requesting a delay in any decision on the five cases attacking racial segregation in public schools. The article states that according to McHALE, he needs thirty days to file a special proceeding enjoining the Supreme Court from considering the segregation cases.

-12-

The article calls for contributions to aid toward court expenses which should be either sent to the National Office or directly to Mr. McHALE.

Dayton, Ohio

According to T-1 PETER XAVIER of Dayton, Ohio, has been referred to by the NCPA as the Chio State Organizer for the organization. According to this informant, XAVIER has in the past distributed NCPA literature in Ohio but is not believed to have formed any organized group. XAVIER is known as the editor of the Dayton Independent and has on several occasions appeared as a speaker at NCPA meetings in St. Louis, Missouri.

In the summer of 1953 Confidential Informant T-5 advised that to his knowledge PETER XAVIER was not engaging in any organized NGPA activities in the Dayton, Ohio, area.

In April, 1954, T-1 advised that JOHN W. HAMILTON, National Organizer, had stated that the National Executive Board of the NCPA felt that PFTER XAVIER was not carrying out his duties commensurate with the positions he held as member of the National Executive Board and as Ohio State Organizer. According to HAMILTON, XAVIER had written a letter to BILL HENERIX of Tallahassee, Florida, in which he stated that he was in favor of overthrow of the Government by use of arms, stating that we should "fight today or perish as slaves tomorrow." HAMILTON indicated that if such statements by XAVIER should get into the wrong hands the organization would be investigated merely because of the fact that XAVIER was an officer of the organization. HAMILTON stated that because of these reasons the National Executive Board had decided that XAVIER should be asked for his resignation.

Washington, D. C.

According to T-1 there is no active chapter of the NCPA in Washington, D. C. at this time; however, the organization is known to have several contacts there. According to this informant, in April, 1954, JOHN W. HAMILTON, National Organizer, stated that there was a group in Washington, D. C. known as the National Association for the Advancement of White People. HAMILTON indicated that the NCPA had written to this group and had received a favorable reply. According to HAMILTON, this organization expressed pleasure in the fact that there were other organizations throughout the country fighting for the white man and indicated that they were

SL 100-10834 the only such group in Washington, D. C. at the present time. stated this organization in Washington was not as closely organized a group as the NCPA, but that the two organizations were presently exchanging literature and that in the future the National Association for the Advancement of White People might be brought into the NCPA. 3. Activities of Established Chapters LaFollette, Tennessee The June, 1953, issue of the "White Sentinel" contains an article stating that the LaFollette, Tennessee chapter of the NCPA had received permission to investigate the school text books which were being used in the LaFollette - Jellico area of Tennessee. The article states that the vigilant men belonging to the organization in that area are determined that no subversive or mongrelizing propaganda should be taught to their shildren. The article congratulates the members of the organization in Tennessee for their efforts in attempting to protect the children in that area. In August, 1953, Informant T-6 advised that ARTHUR B. COLE was contacting individuals in the vicinity of LaFollette, Tennessee, attempting to interest them in joining the NCPA. According to this source, COLE stated that the organization was composed of people who were attempting to get an organization strong enough to exert some political pressure on Congress in order to control any Civil Rights legislation. COLE also stated that the organization was attempting to become strong enough to counteract work being done by the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People. According to this source, COLE was also engaged in the distribution of literature published by the NCPA in that area. Informant stated that to his knowledge the NCPA had not reached a point where regular organized meetings were being held. The August, 1953 issue of the "White Sentinel" contains an article stating that four brothers from Jellico, Tennessee, had recently become members of the LaFollette, Tennessee chapter. The article identified these individuals as PERRY, CECIL, RAY and CHORGE SMITH. The September, 1953 issue of the same publication contains an article stating that the Mational Office had received a report from ARTHUR B. COLE, National Board member from Tennessee, in which COLE stated that there had been steady growth in the membership and activity of the LaFollette Chapter. -14m

COLF also stated that there were very good prospects of starting chapters of the organization in Knoxville and Oak Ridge, Tennessee.

The February, 1954 issue of the "White Sentinel" contains an article stating that a meeting of the LaFollette Chapter, NCPA, was held on January 18, 1954, at which time officers for the coming year were elected. It identified the new officers as J. A. CORDELL, President; JOHN HUMPSTON, Vice-President; ROBERT A. BAIRD, Secretary-Treasurer. The article also stated that the retiring chapter president was R. A. BAIRD, and the retiring secretary-treasurer was H. B. JACKSON.

The same issue of the above publication states that the citizens of Oak Ridge, Tennessee were up in arms over action taken by the City Council asking that segregation in the public schools be abolished. It states that led by a citizens action committee, petitions were filed calling for a vote on the recall of Chairman of the City Council and that this was carried out by the voters on February 8. The article states that this clearly indicates that the overwhelming majority of the voters in Oak Ridge are in favor of segregation. The article also states that members of the LaFollette Chapter of the NCPA played an active part in mobilizing support for the ouster of the Chairman of the City Council.

St. Louis, Missouri

In a letter to NCPA members dated July 13, 1953, over the signature of HELEN M. WOLF, National Secretary-Treasurer, a meeting of the organization was announced to be held in St. Louis on July 17, 1953, stating that at this meeting the new proposed constitution and by laws of the organization will be voted on. This letter summarizes the activities of the organization during the two years of its existence and states "These first two years have been the hardest, but we have come through with flying colors. We are happy to report that our membership is constantly growing and circulation of the "White Sentinel" is the highest it has ever been. The letter also states that during the past three weeks, officers of the organization have driven over 2200 miles on organizational business and in making new contacts.

According to T-1 in the summer of 1953 the NCPA received a letter from the Better Business Bureau in Washington, D. C. inquiring as to the nature of the organization, its officers, and locality of chapters. According to this source, FOREST WOLF, National Chairman, stated that the Better Business Bureau had stated they were requesting such information because of the many inquiries they had received concerning the NCPA. WOLF

expressed pleasure that so many people in the Washington area were interested in the organization.

In October, 1953 T-1 advised that on October 16, 1953, a regular meeting of the St. Louis Chapter was held at Liederkranz Hall, 2163 South Grand, St. Louis, Missouri. Discussion at this meeting was led by JOHN W. HAMILTON, National Organizer, and concerned pamphlets published by the organization exposing the unworthiness of the Community Chest. HAMILTON stated that many people give to the Community Chest thinking that their money will go to the half starved waif which appears on the Community Chest posters. HAMILTON stated that this was not the case, however, because the Communist Chest helps to feed such "mongrelizing organizations as the Urban League". HAMILTON commented that the Community Chest should change its name to the "Hebrew Welfare Society." He also stated that forced contributions to the Community Chest was a robbery of the workman who was in effect forced to support some of the vicious organizations that received funds from the Community Chest.

According to T-1, at a special meeting of the St. Louis Chapter held on November 28, 1953, at 3154a South Grand Boulevard, plans were discussed for holding an open house on November 29, 1953, to celebrate the official opening of the National Office of the NCPA. At this meeting FOREST WOLF stated that the office had been visited by the police and a fire commissioner and that it was necessary to install exit signs and and fire extinguishers. JOHN W. HAMILTON stated that he had gotten permission from the building commissioner to hold an open house at the office but that the organization would not be able to hold large gatherings there because under the building codes the building was not classified as a meeting hall.

At a meeting of the St. Louis Chapter held on January 21, 1954, at Albrecht's Hall, Arsenal and Grand, JOHN W. HAMILTON read a letter from Senator WILLIAM E. JENNER in which JENNER thanked the organization for their support. According to HAMILTON, JENNER stated that he was sending a number of copies of the report of the committee relating to the administration of the Internal Security Act and to the Internal Security laws. HAMILTON stated that the NCPA had sent out over 700 copies of this report to all St. Louis subscribers to the "White Sentinel", as well as to many out-of-town subscribers.

At this meeting it was suggested that the NCPA should support

some definite move to exclude all Negroes and Jews from the United States. HAMILTON stated that this was an interesting point because to him the Jews are definitely not white and in his opinion look similar to Negroes. HAMILTON questioned the reason for allowing Israel bonds to be sold in this country and stated that if the Jews want to live in the United States they should be required to invest in the future of America. HAMILTON stated that all the Jews are interested in doing is making the United States into a "mongrel nation".

HAMILTON also read a letter from FRANCIS McHALE, State Chairman of the Florida NCPA and Chairman of the Jacksonville Chapter. This letter referred to the legal suit which had been filed by McHALE in the name of the name of the NCPA contesting the constitutional right of the Navy to enforce non-segregation in states which had segregation laws. According to HAMILTON, McHALE stated that he intended to appeal the case to the United States Supreme Court but that \$300 would be needed to finance initial hearings in the matter.

HAMILTON stated that a lawyer in a recent segregation hearing before the United States Supreme Court had received \$15,000 for his work whereas FRANCIS McHALE was only asking the NCPA to cover his actual expenses because of the fact that he believed in the work of the NCPA. HAMILTON stated that much of the expenses would consist of the cost of \$150 to file the suit with the Supreme Court and that in addition, 40 typewritten copies must be filed with the clerk of the court.

The September, 1953 issue of the "White Sentinel" contains an article captioned "Blockbusting in Florida". This article states that southern Negroes have been encouraged by the success of their northern Negro brothers in taking over white residential sections and driving out the white inhabitants. It states that blockbusting is the term used when a Negro moves into all white areas which makes the whites get panicky and vie with each other to sell out to the blacks at a fraction of the value of the property. The article stated in part "What happened to those southerners who loudly proclaimed "It can"t happen here. We will take care of our own Negro problem. Perhaps they now will realize that this is a national problem and can only be settled on a national scale."

The October, 1953 issue of the same publication carries an article calling attention of residents of St. Louis to two bills which were introduced by three Negro members of the Board of Aldermen which would compel all hotels, theaters, and public eating places to serve Negroes. The article then quotes portions of each of the two bills and

then states that the NCPA has notified the chairman of the Legislative Committee of the Board of Aldermen of the organizations strong opposition to these bills and of its desire to be heard at public hearings. It calls for all members to contact their Alderman and register opposition to these two bills.

The January, 1954 issue of the "White Sentinel" contains a photograph of FOREST WOLF, National Chairman of the NCPA, placing flowers on the tomb of the late Senator THEODORE BILBO at Popularville, Mississippi. Accompanying this picture is an article extolling the virtues of the late Senator BILBO which states in part "Until his untimely death on August 21, 1947 at the age of 70, Senator BILBO was champion of the cause of a free, white America in the United States Senate. His death was a great loss to the white race all over the world. Not one senator has had the courage to take his place as champion of the white race in America. Senator BILBO will be remembered and his place in history honored as long as one self-respecting white man lives."

The April, 1954 issue of the "White Sentinel" contains an article concerning the St. Louis swimming pools which "were ordered integrated in 1950 by the court." The article states that since the pools were ordered open to both whites and Negroes, the attendance has fallen to the vanishing point and yet the mayor, City of St. Louis, does nothing to correct the situation. In this article the NCPA proposes a course of action open to the city in which the Fairgrounds and Marquette Swimming Pools could be leased to a private contractor at a nominal fee, stating that the operators could then admit only whites and the trouble surrounding the swimming pools would be ended. It states that the City could retain the Vashon Pool for the exclusive use of Megroes at the tax payers expense and that no one would object. It states that this course of action would mean a source of revenue for the City instead of an expense and would ease the racial tension surrounding the use of these pools. This issue also contains an open letter to Mayor Tucker of St. Louis over the facsimile signature of FOREST WOLF, National Chairman, in which the proposal of the NCPA is set forth. This letter requests that a delegation from the NCPA should meet with the mayor to see what could be done about turning two swimming pools back to the white children to whom they belonged. It states in part, "The white people of St. Louis do not want to swim with the blacks. The facts speak for themselves."

4. Membership

In a letter to NCPA members from the National Secretary-Treasurer dated January 18, 1954, it states that 1953 was a very successful year for the NCPA. It states that membership has grown considerably and circulation of the "White Sentinel" and other publications has increased considerably. The letter states that with new equipment and with new headquarters established, the organization hopes to double or triple its activities during 1954.

According to T-1, no official membership figures for the organization as a whole have been given by the NCPA officers. According to this source, the organization claims a membership of 250 persons in the St. Louis Chapter; however, most of the regular meetings are attended by only about 25 persons.

The February, 1954 issue of the "White Sentinel" states that during the past month 70 new members had joined the NCPA. This figure was broken down to indicate that of the 70 new members, 39 were in Missouri, 25 were in Illinois, with four in Tennessee and two in Florida.

In a letter to the membership dated February 15, 1954, the NCPA states that during January, 1954, 25 new members had joined the organization in St. Louis. It also stated that 19 new members had joined the Chicago chapter during the month of January.

Publications

The "White Sentinel" is the official organ of the NCPA and is published monthly in St. Louis, Missouri. It is an eight-page paper which usually contains both articles and photographs which are anti-Negro in character. This publication is edited by JOHN W. HAMILTON with HELEN M. WOLF as associate editor. The date line carries the slogan "Racial Integrity - Not Amalgamation". The subscription rate is \$2.00 per year for non members. For individuals enrolling in NCPA membership, a subscription to the "White Sentinel" is included free in the membership fee of \$5.00 per year.

In the summer of 1953, T-1 advised that at that time the organization was printing 1800 copies of the "White Sentinel" per month.

D. Finances

According to T-1, the NCPA held a meeting at St. Louis, Missouri

on August 21, 1953. At this meeting, JOHN W. HAMILTON gave a financial report of the organization covering the period from January through July, 1953. HAMILTON stated that the organization had spent over \$1,000 during this period and had a balance in its treasury of \$427.00.

At a meeting of the St. Louis Chapter held on October 16, 1953, HAMILTON announced that the NCPA had taken in \$180 in the Extansion Fund which had been established. According to HAMILTON, the Expansion Fund was set up as a permanent fund, the receipts from which are to be used to buy additional equipment to be needed as the organization expands.

In a letter to members from the National Executive Board dated September 28, 1953, it is announced that an expansion fund is to be established to apply to expenses of the organization in order to expand to other areas. It states that the goal of the Expansion Fund is \$1,000 which must be raised before the objective can be carried out. It states that all money contributed to this fund will be used to expand and consolidate activities of the organization and that a complete accounting of the fund will be sent to every contributor. The letter states that there are no paid employees of the NCPA and that the organization is not subsidized. It states, "We must depend on those who believe in what we are doing for every cent that is used in this fight. We do not ask for money for vague and general purposes. This \$1,000 is needed for actual and specific items so that we can operate as a well-functioning, effective organization. Give us the necessary equipment and we will do the job."

In an article appearing in the October, 1953 issue of the "White Sentinel", it is stated that during the first three weeks of the Expansion Fund Drive, a little more than one-fourth of the total needed has been raised. It states that part of this money had been used in re-modeling and furnishing the organization's new National Headquarters in St. Louis.

The November, 1953 issue of the same publication states that the Expansion Fund Drive of the NCPA had reached the half-way mark. This article states that while the NAACP, the Urban League and a host of other organizations raised millions of dollars each year to further the evil cause of mongrelization, the NCPA stands alone against these organizations and states that the NCPA does not ask for millions or even thousands, but is only asking for \$1,000 because "We can do more with \$1,000 than the enemy can with many times that much."

This article states further that the Expansion Fund Drive would end on December 1, 1953.

According to T-1 at a meeting of the St. Louis Chapter of the NCFA held on January 21, 1954, at Albrecht's Hall in St. Louis, JOHN W. HAMILTON stated that the organization had office equipment valued at \$1,997.00. He stated that in protection of this equipment, the organization had obtained an insurance policy valued at \$2,000, the cost of which was \$44.00 for a period of three years. At this meeting HAMIITON also stated that the Executive Board had decided that it would not be worthwhile for the organization to take out liability insurance to cover the office in view of the excessive cost.

II. OFFICERS

According to T-1 in April, 1954, the following are the current officers of the NCFA:

A. <u>National Officers</u>

National Chairman National Vice-Chairman National Secretary-Treasurer National Assistant Treasurer National Sergeant at Arms National Organizer FOREST W. WOLF, St. Louis ELWARD ABSHIER, St. Louis HELEN M. WOLF, St. Louis ELIZABETH ZULAUF, St. Louis WILLIAM AMMANN, St. Louis JOHN W. HAMILTON, St. Louis

B. Members of the National Executive Board

Chairman, FOREST W. WOLF, St. Louis, Missouri; EDWARD ABSHIER, St. Louis; WILLIAM AMMANN, St. Louis; ARTHUR B. COLE, LaFollette, Tennessee; WILLIAM FLORI, St. Louis; JOHN W. HAMILTON, St. Louis; JULIAN IMBO, St. Louis; Dr. T. R. MONTGOMERY, Memphis, Tennessee; ALEXANDER PREDKI, Detroit, Michigan; GEORGE SUDBECK, Chicago, Illinois; HELEN M. WOLF, St. Louis; PETER XAVIER, Dayton, Ohio; BILL HENDRIX, Tallahassee, Florida; FRANCIS McHALE, Jacksonville, Florida.

C. Officers of the St. Iouis Chapter, NCPA

Chairman Vice-Chairman Secretary-Treasurer Assistant Treasurer Sergeant at Arms Committee Chairman North Side Chairman JOHN W. HAMILTON
EDWARD ABSHIER
HELEN M. WOLF
ELIZABETH ZULAUF
WILLIAM AMMANN
Mrs. WILLIAM ALTHOFF
EDWARD ABSHIER

South Side Chairman

WILLIAM FIORI

Executive Board, St. Louis Chapter

FOREST W. WOLF, HELEN M. WOLF, JOHN W. HAMILTON, JULIAN IMBO, H. L. SCHMEDEL, EDWARD ABSHIER, WILLIAM AMMANN, WILLIAM FIGRI.

According to T-1, the above members of the Executive Board of the St. Louis Chapter which is also referred to as the National Chapter, form a nucleus for the National Executive Board.

The Executive Board of the St. Louis Chapter holds regular monthly meetings at the home its Chairman, FORFST WOLF, where policy and future plans of the organization are discussed.

D. Chicago, Illinois Chapter

(Titles unknown) GEORGE SUDBECK, and FRED KLOCKLING.

E. Springfield, Illinois Chapter

None selected.

F. Nashville, Tennessee Chapter

Present officers unknown.

G. LaFollette, Tennessee Chapter

President Vice-President Secretary-Treasurer J. A. COPDELL JOHN HUMPSTON ROBERT A. BAIRE

H. Knoxville, Tennessee Chapter

None selected.

I. Detroit, Michigan Chapter

Chairman Secretary-Treasurer Mr. FNU CASS ALEXANDER V. FREDKI

J. Tri-State Area Chapter (Florida-Alabama-Georgia)

Regional Director

BILL HENDRIX, Tallahassee, Florida

K. Jacksonville, Florida Chapter

State Chairman and Chairman, Jacksonville Chapter FRANCIS M. McHALE

L. Dayton, Ohio Chapter

Ohio State Organizer

PETER XAVIER, Dayton, Ohio

STATED AIMS AND OBJECTIVES III.

There is being set out hereinafter the new Constitution and By-Laws of the NCPA which were adopted at a general membership meeting held in St. Louis, Missouri, on July 17, 1953.

PREAMBLE

"Because of its nature, there are but two forms of solution to the race problem. Either the races must be separated or they will become amalgamated. The National Citizens Protective Assn is dedicated to the complete separation of the White and negroid races and to the eventual repatriation of the negro to his homeland in Africa. That is the only permanent solution which will allow the United States to continue to develop as a Free White Nation unencumbered by the presence of increasing millions of Africans within her borders. The African is wholly alien to our race, institutions and culture. The increasing agitation for the lowering of the protective bars of segragation and the social intermixture of the races seriously threatens the White ideal and greatly

"accentuates the negro problem in our midst. It will eventually cause the amalgamation of the races and the destruction of our Western Civilization. If civilization is to continue, the White Race must maintain its ethnic purity. Six thousand years of recorded history have shown that the White Race is the creator and builder of all known sivilizations. The yellow race imitate to an extent. The role of the negroid race in every contact with civilization has been to lower and finally destroy it. Brought in as a slave to labor for the White Man, and being unable to create, build or even imitate, the negro has in time corrupted the standards and eaten away the foundations of White Civilization. No White nation that has permitted the polution of its racial purity has been able to withstand the ravages of complete mongrelization. America stands at the crossroads. The National Citizens Protective Assn is determined to maintain the racial integrity of the Western Peoples and residt all attempts to weaken, degrade and corrupt Western Civilization and culture and its ethnical standards.

"ARTICLE 1 - NAME

"Sec. 1: The name of this organization shall be the National Citizens Protective Assn.

"ARTICLE II - OBJECTS

- "Sec. 1: To preserve the purity, heritage, dignity, customs, culture and social edicts of the White Race in America by maintaining the time honored custom of separation of the races which is the Law of God.
- "Sec. 2: To fight the insidious influence of Communism in the life of our Nation where ever it may be found.
- "Sec. 3: Since America was founded and built by Christian people, we work to maintain America as a Christian Nation.

- "Sec. 4: To work for a Free America against the forces of dictatorship and regimentation.
- "Sec. 5: To work for a strong and powerful America both at home and throughout the world.
- "Sec. 6: To oppose the forces of world government, which seek to turn America over to foreign domination.
- "Sec. 7: To protect our citizens, their rights, persons and property from any unstrupulous power mad monopolists, whether they be international financiers or their tools, the political demagagues.
- "Sec. 8: To support the Constitution of the United States of America as it was originally intended by the founding fathers, before left-wing corruption crept in to twist and distort the legal framework upon which our Nation was built. This includes Article 1, Sec. 8, which clearly defines the type of money system intended by the framers of the Constitution.
- "Sec. 9: To petition legislative officials, to appear before legislative committees and hearings and issue educational material to represent the interests of the White American Citizens and to explain our aims and purposes.
- "Sec. 10: It is our purpose to offset the block voting of the organized racial minorities who seek to inflict their will and rule upon the White Christian majority.
- "Sec. 11: It is our purpose to organize and conduct social activities and cultural affairs for our members and friends to offset the negroid and other alien minority influence on art, literature, music, the theater and education which is perverting our American Way of Life.

SL 100-10834 "Sec. 12: Our purpose if to enlighten, inform and organize the White Christian Citizens of America through the official publication of the National Citizens Protective Assn, THE WHITE SENTINEL, and other literature; to enlighten the citizenry on the relative merits of various candidates for public office and the issues involved. "ARTICLE III - MEMBERSHIP "Sec. l: Any White citizen, 18 years or over, who subscribes to the objects of this Association, and is of good moral character may become a member after being approved by the membership committee. "Sec. 2: The first years dues and the initiation fee, if any, must accompany the application for membership. "Sec. 3: Every applicant for membership must agree to support the Constitution of the National Citizens Protective Association and work for the fullfillment of its aims and purposes. "ARTICLE IV - CHAPTERS "Sec. 1: The St. Louis Chpater shall be known as the National Chapter. Its membership shall comprise members living in or near St. Louis and members at large who do not live near a local chapter. Any group of five (5) or more citizens may "Sec. 2: apply for a charter to establish a local chapter. The application must be duly sworn by a Notary Public and approved by the National Board. All chapters shall make a monthly report of its "Sec. 3: activities to the State organizer. In the absence of a State Organizer these reports shall be made to the National Organizer. "Sec. 4: Each chapter may make its own by-laws providing they are approved by the National Board and do not conflict with the aims and purposes of the National Organization. -26⁻

- "Sec. 5: If and when local chapters or state organizations are incorporated, the articles of incorporation in each case shall make reference to the articles of incorporation of the National Citizens Protective Assn as shall be adequate to show that the objects of such local or state organization are the same as those of the National Citizens Protective Assn and not inconsistent therewith, and shall be presented and approved by the National Board of the National Citizens Protective Assn before the incorporation charter is applied for.
- "Sec. 6: Local chapters shall have the right to take up all local problems as given in the objects of this Constitution. It may provide for supporting candidates in local elections and raising funds for such purposes. Each local chapter shall have the right to protest or petition local governments where necessary, if such is within the scope of our objects. Each local chapter may join with other organized bodies to aid in all local struggles involving the aims. purposes and objects of this Constitution. No local chapter may endorse a candidate for statewide office if there is a state organization in that state until said state organization has officially endorsed the candidate. Before a local chapter can endorse a candidate for President of the United States or a U. S. Senator or Congressman, it must first obtain permission of the National Board. The application for membership of any candidate for public office shall be held-over until the election.
- "Sec. 7: All property of the local chapters shall be held in the name of the National Organization. In case of revocation of the charter of a chapter, all property belonging to the chapter shall revert to the National Board.

- "Sec. 8: Each chapter shall be under the direct control of the State Organizer and the National Board. However, only the National Board shall have the power to revoke a charter if said chapter deviates from the stated aims, purposes and objects of the National Citizens Protective Assn or willfully violates any provision of this Constitution.
- "Sec. 9: Membership cards to the National Organization shall be issued only by the National Sec-Treas, upon receipt of annual dues from members of the National Chapter or local chapters. Each local chapter is permitted to issue its own membership cards provided each recipient has a National Citizens Protective Assn card for the current year.

"ARTICLE V - NATIONAL CONVENTION

- "Sec. 1: The legislative body of the National Citizens
 Protective Assn shall be the National Convention
 which shall convene at such time and place as
 may be designated by the National Chairman with
 the advice and approval of the National Board.
- "Sec. 2: Each Convention shall be empowered to adopt such rules and organization as are not inconsistent with the Constitution and By-Laws of the National Citizens Protective Assn. and to provide for such convention committees as it shall deem best.
- "Sec. 3: Each chapter in good standing shall be entitled to two (2) delegates etc. see Aritcle IV.
- "Sec. 4: The secretary of each chapter shall certify to the National Secretary the names of the degegates and alternates elected by the chapter at least thirty (30) days before the meeting of any national convention, and no person not so certified shall be permitted to serve or act as a delegate.

SL 100-10834 "ARTICLE VI - OFFICERS The officers of this Association shall be a "Sec. l: National Chairman, Vice-Chairman, Sec-Treas, Asst. Treasurer, Sergeant-at-Arms, Literature Director and National Organizer. The National Officers shall administer the National Chapter. "Sec. 2: The first National Officers shall serve from the time this Constitution is adopted until 1957. From that time on election of officers shall be as provided in the Constitution. "Sec. 3: The Chairman shall preside over the National Convention and at all meetings of the National Board. He may call a meeting of any committee of National, state or local chapters whenever he deems it advisable for the best interest of the organization, by giving ample time and notice to each member of said committee. He shall have full authority in hiring and discharging salaried employees and other employees and, with the advice and consent of the National Board, determine the salaries paid. "Sec. 4: The National Chairman shall preside over all meetings of the National Chapter and the National Executive Board, enforce all rules, appoint all committees not otherwise provided for, and transact such other duties as are usual to the office of Chairman or that may be rendered by the Association. "Sec. 5: The Vice-Chairman shall act as Chairman in the absence of that officer, and in the case of resignation or death or removal of the Chairman, until this vacancy is filled by an election as provided for in this Constitution. "Sec. 6: The sec-Treas. shall keep a true record of all proceedings of the Association, including financial reports. He shall also receive, read -29SL 100-10834

"and safely keep all papers and documents, shall conduct the correspondence of the As

"and safely keep all papers and documents, and shall conduct the correspondence of the Association. He shall receive all monies due the Association and give his receipt for same. He shall keep a file of membership application cards and a record of the members enrolled and their payments. He shall notify all members in arrears of the amount of their indebtedness, and shall turn over his books to the auditing committee for audit and approval when talled upon to do so. He shall make a financial report to the membership each month of all money received, paid out, and still on deposit. He shall make all payments authorized by the National Board or by the membership.

- "Sec. 7: The Asst.-Treas. shall assist in collections and recording dues, donations and collections. He shall sign all monthly financial reports given by the Sec-Treas. to the Association and shall be jointly responsible with the Sec-Treas. for all funds collected and held by the Association.
- "Sec. 8: The Serg.-at-Arms shall have charge of the doors and introduce all new members and visitors, and assist the Chairman in preserving order when called upon to do so. He shall preform such other duties as may from time to time be assigned him.
- "Sec. 9: Only Chapter Members and members in good standing for at least one (1) year shall be eligible to hold office in the National Chapter.
- "Sec. 10: At the expiration of the term of office, by termination or otherwise, of any officer, he shall turn over to his successor all monies, property, papers, records and books belonging to the Association that he may have in his possession.
- "Sec. 11: Should a vacancy occur, the National Board is empowered to fill said vacancy until such time as a special election can be held.

SI 100-10834 "Sec. 12: The officers shall maintain their offices at the business office of the National Citizens Protective Association to be known as National Headquarters, which shall be located at such place as directed by the National Board. "ARTICLE VII - NATIONAL EXECUTIVE BOARD The National Executive Board shall consist of the National Chairman and fourteen (14) other members. Seven(7) of these members are to be chosen by the National Chapter and seven (7) to be chosen at large. "Sec. 2: The National Board shall transact all business of the Association, faithfully execute all orders of the membership assembled in National Convention, adopt measures in the interest of the Association and recommend such action to the National Convention as it deems advisable. It shall receive and make recommendations in regards to the reports of the officers and committees. "Sec. 3: All decisions of the National Board are subject to review of the membership assembled in National Convention. The decision of the National Convention is final. "Sec. 4: The National Board shall be the general policy making authority of this corporation and shall also have the power to enact, amend or repeal By-Laws, for the corporation not inconsistent with its Charter and Constitution. "Sec. 5: The National Board shall have full administrative authority in giving effect to the policies of the National Citizens Protective Association and in supervising its activities. "Sec. 6: The National Board shall make a semi-annual report in writing to each local chapter on the progress of the work of the National Citizens Protective Association, its finances and major problems.

-31 ÷

SI 100-10834 "Sec. 7: The National Board shall retain the best legal talent obtainable and shall at all times have this legal staff available. "Sec. 8: It shall be one of the specific duties of the National Board to advise and assist each local or state chapter in every way possible. "Sec. 9: The National Board may advise or control the course of action of any or all of the officers and committees, except as otherwise provided. "Sec. 10: The National Board shall choose an Editor and Associate Editor for the official publication, THE WHITE SENTINEL, and be in charge of all printed material published by the Association. "Sec. 11: The National Board may set up special funds for the work of the organization such as a Press fund, Building Fund and Organizing Fund. "Sec. 12: Each State Organizer shall make a monthly report to the National Organizer of all activities in his state. The National Organizer shall make a regular report to the National Board. All State Organizers shall be directly responsible to the National Organizer, who, in turn, shall be responsible to the National Board. "ARTICLE VIII - INCOME "Sec. 1: Each member shall pay to the National Chapter such dues as the By-Laws prescribe and in the manner prescribed. "Sec. 2: Income may be derived as provided for by the By-Laws or by action of the National Board from sources other than membership dues. "ARTICLE IX - FINANCE AND ACCOUNTING The fiscal year of the National Citizens Protective Association shall end with the thirtyfirst (31) day of July each year. -32SL 100-10834 "Sec. 2: The National Board shall cause to be devised, installed and operated a suitable budget system for the affairs of the Association. "Sec. 3: The National Board shall cause to be installed and maintained an efficient system of accounts. "Sec. 4: The National Board shall arrange for an audit of the books at least annually and provide a written report of the findings. "ARTICLE X - AMDENMENTS "Sec. l: This Constitution or the Articles of Incorporation of the National Citizens Protective Association or both may be amended upon the written request of two (2) or more chapters. If such a request is made and seconded by a third shapter. the National Board shall place the proposed amendment on a ballot and mail a copy to the secretary of each chapter. From there on the regular procedure as in National Elections of the Association shall take place except for the time to return the ballots. "BY-LAWS "NATIONAL CITIZENS PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION "NATIONAL CHAPTER "ARTICLE I - MEMBERSHIP AND DUES "Sec. 1: There shall be only active members in this Association. All members whose dues are paid for the current year and who are in good standing shall be deemed active members. "Sec. 28 The dues for each member of the National Chapter shall be \$5.00 per year. The National Board shall have the authority to suspend payment of dues in hardship cases. -33SL 100-10834 "Sec. 3: Collections may be taken at public meetings conducted by the Association. However, no assessments shall be levied on the membership. Voluntary donations for specific causes or the general fund from members and friends are acceptable. "Sec. 4: The National Board shall have the authority to appeal to the membership for funds for a specific purpose providing a full and detailed explanation accompanies the appeal. "Sec. 5: Any member in good standing may, upon approval of the National Board, become a life member of the National Citizens Protective Association upon payment of \$100.00. Life members shall not be required to pay annual dues. In case the applicant for life membership is a member of a local chapter, the fees shall be divided equally between the National Chapter and the local chapter where the membership is placed. "Sec. 6: Each local shapter shall remit to the National Sec-Treas \$3.00 per annum per member, on or before July 1st of each year. For this sum each member is to receive THE WHITE SENTINEL and copies of other material issued by the Association. The balance of the membership fee is to be used for the general work of the Association. "Sec. 7: Candidates for membership shall make written application. Such candidates, after being approved by the membership committee, shall be enrolled upon the membership books at the next regular meeting of the Association, but if objection is made of any candidate, then it shall require a majority approval of such candidate's membership. "Sec. 8: The first years dues must accompany the candidate's application. -34SL 100-10834 "ARTICLE II - MEMBERSHIP MEETINGS "Sec. 1: A regular membership meeting of the National Chapter shall be held at least once a month. Special meetings may be called upon reasonable "Sec. 2: notice by the National Chairman with the advice and consent of the National Board or by 10% of the members in good standing. Such notice shall be in writing and shall specify the purpose of the meeting. No other business except that specified in the call shall be transacted at this meeting. "Sec. 3: The hour of the meeting shall be 7:30 P. M. unless otherwise announced. "Sec. 4: Notice for special meeting shall be given by the Sec.. who shall notify all members at least twelve hours before it convenes. "Sec. 5: Membership meetings shall be conducted in accordands with 'Robert's Rules of Order' except as may be otherwise provided here-in. "Sec. 6: A time limit of ten minutes shall be placed on reports of Committee Chairman and of five minutes on discussion by any member, providing that a longer time may be allowed by majority vote of the members present. "Sec. 7: The order of business shall be as follows: Report of Officers, reading of minutes, communications, Executive Board report, report of Committees, unfinished business, new business, discussion. "ARTICLE III - COMMITTEES "Sec. 1: The National Chairman shall appoint all committees necessary for conducting the affairs of the Association and may remove members of said committees subject to the approval of the National Board. He shall also designate one (1) member of each committee to be its chairman. -35SL 100-10834 "Sec. 2: The following standing committees shall be appointed by the National Chairman to serve for a period of one (1) year beginning in August of each year: 1. Membership Committee 2. Activities Committee 3. Educational Committee A. Detail Committee Public and Race Relations Committee Welfare Committee "Sec. 3: Special committees may be appointed or elected by the National Chairman as the need arises. "ARTICLE IV - CHARGES AND TRIALS The National Board shall have the authority to suspend or expal any member who wilfully violates the Constitution or By-Laws, for failure to support the objects of this Association, for conduct unbecoming a member, or if he be found to owe allegiance to a foreign power. "Sec. 2: Charges against an officer must first be presented to the National Board. If said Board finds probable cause for removal, it will present the charges before the next National Convention. Until the National Convention meets, the National Board has the power to suspend the accussed officer from all or part of his activities in the Association. Only a National Convention has the authority to permanently remove a National Officer. "Sec. 3: Any member suspended or expelled has the right to appeal to the National Convention. -36SL 100-10834 "ARTICLE V - OFFICIAL ORGAN The official organ of the National Citizens Protective Association shall be THE WHITE SENTINEL. "Sec. 2: No publication using the name of this Association shall be issued by the National, state or local chapters, or individual member except with the approval of the National Board. "ARTICLE VI - LOCAL OR STATE CHAPTERS "Sec. 1: All chapters shall collect and remit chapter membership dues apportioned to the National Chapter as provided for in the Constitution and By-Laws. "Sec. 2: State chapters may be organized where a majority of chapters in that particular state agree to affiliate with such an organization. Each local chapter shall have authority to agree or refuse to join such state chapter, either before or after such state organization is formed. By a majority vote of its members any local post may join or withdraw from such state chapter, in case of a local chapter voting to withdraw from a state chapter, it can do so only at the end of the current fiscal year and after having discharged all its legal and financial obligations to the state chapter for said year. "Sec. 3: Where ever a state chapter is organized, it may form its own By-Laws providing they do not conflict with the National Constitution. All state officers must be approved by the National Board. "ARTIVLE VII - SLOGAN "Sec. 1: The slogan of the National Citizens Protective Association shall be, 'For a Free White America.' -37SL 100-10834 "ARTICLE VIII - EMBLEM AND FLAG "Sec. 1: The emblam shall be a pennant with the first letter of each word of the name of the Association emblazened upon it. It shall be a blue pennant with gold letters. "Sec. 2: The flag, other than the Stars and Stripes, shall be the Stars and Bars of the Confederacy with the first letter of each word of the name of the Association in each triangle. "ARTICLE IX - AMENDMENTS These By-Laws or the Articles of Incorporation, "Sec. 1: or both, may be amended by the National Board by a two-thirds majority vote of those present and entitled to vote at any meeting of the Board called by the giving of thirty (30) days written notice to all members of the board, which notice shall state the purpose of the meeting and the proposed amendments or at any National Convention by a two-thirds majority vote of all delegates. "ARTICLE X - ELECTION OF NATIONAL OFFICERS The present National Officers shall hold office "Sec. l: until 1957. Thereafter the term of office shall be for a period of two (2) years. "Sec. 2: The election of all National Officers shall be by a referendum vote. All members in good standing shall be entitled to vote. Ballots shall be provided by the National Board and sent to the Secretary of each chapter. In the case of members at large of the National Chapter, a ballot will be sent each one by the National Secretary. "Sec. 3: Nominations for all National Officers shall be made by a chapter after given due notice by the National Chairman who shall decide on the date of election providing it is in 1957 and each two (2) years thereafter. --38SL 100-10834 "Sec. 4: The National Board shall draw up a ballot with the names of all candidates nominated listed thereon. No ballot shall be opened or sounted until one month from the time they were sent out. They shall be opened and counted by the National Board in the presence of all candidates who care to observe the count. A simple majority is sufficient to elect. "Sec. 5: The National Chapter shall choose seven (7) members of the National Board beginning in 1957 and each two (2) years there-after by ballot with simple majority sufficient to elect. "Sec. 6: Seven (7) members of the National Board are to be chosen at large by the same procedure used in the election of the National Officers beginning in 1957. Until then the National Chapter is empowered to pick the membership of the National Board. "Sec. 7: The fifteenth member of the National Board shall be the National Chairman who shall preside over all meetings of the board. He shall only be allowed to vote in case of a tis. "ARTICLE XI - NATIONAL BOARD "Sec. 1: The National Board shall meet at least once a month at the call of the National Chairman. A quorum of five (5) members shall be necessary to conduct any business. Simi-annually there shall be held special meetings to which all board members will be expected to attend. At these meetings semi-annual reports shall be made and plans for the future decided upon. The monthly board meetings will conduct all routine affairs. All board members unable to attend must kept informed of all activities and before any new venture of national significance can be undertaken they must be consulted. The board is enpowered to conduct a poll of its members by mail on a given issue if it deems necessary. -39SL 100-10834 "Sec. 3: All decisions of the National Board are subject to review by the National Convention. The decision of the National Convention is final. "ARTICLE XII - NATIONAL OFFICERS "Sec. 1: Any National Officer or National Board member chosen by the National Chapter and residing in St. Louis who misses three (3) consecutive meetings without reasonable excuse can have his office declared vacant by the National Chairman. "ARTICLE XIII - SAFEGUARDING THE FUNDS "Sec. 1: All large or unusual expenditures shall be authorized by the National Board before commitments in regard to them are made. "Sec. 2: All funds of the Association shall be deposited by the Sec-Treas. or upon his order in the name of the National Citizens Protective Association in such bank or banks as may be designated from time to time by the National Board. "Sec. 3: A thorough audit shall be made of all income and expenditures of the organization at least once a year under the supervision of the National Board. A full report of the findings shall be sent each local chapter. "Sec. 4: All persons having charge of the funds may be required to give bond the cost of which shall be borne by the Association. "ARTICLE XIV - REVOCATION "Sec. 1: The charter of any local or state chapter may be suspended or revoked only by the vote of the National Board for cuase, (see Article IV, Section 8 of the Constitution)." -40r r

SL 100-10834

IV. ACTION TAKEN TO IMPLEMENT PROGRAM

A. Statements of Leaders

The August, 1953 issue of the "White Sentinel" contains an article by FOREST W. WOLF, National Chairman, entitled "We Face the Future". This article states that at the writing, the NCPA was two years old. This article states that rather than to review the accomplishents of the past two years, it is better to look into the future to meet the tasks confronting the organization. The article states in part. We face the future greatly encouraged even though we fully realize the great tasks which confront us. Our immediate projects include securing suitable headquarters to enable us to carry on our expanding activities ... new chapters must be organized in every state and effective state organizations set up. New equipment must be purchased and our gains consolidated. Congressmen and State Legislatures must be kept informed on the vital issues confronting America. More and more white Christian citizens are standing up to be counted and we must be there to present our message to them in person and by printed word. We have not deviated. We have not equivocated. We have not dissipated our strength by running after tangents. We have not compromised with the enemy, nor will we. We have faithfully followed the objectives of our movement and steadfastness of purpose is bearing fruit. The coming year shows all signs of being our most successful year so far."

In the same issue of the "White Sentinel which was the second anniversary issue of this publication, there appears an article by JOHN W. HAMILTON, National Organizer, entitled "Educate! Organize!" This article states that the most important tasks before the NCPA in the coming period are to educate and organize in order that the good start which the organization had made might be expanded into other localities. This article states in part "We are looking forward to the time when each of the 48 states will have at least one chapter. To be a true national movement, we must never neglect the work of setting up self-sustaining local chapters. That is the main difference between a real, live, vibrant movement and a paper movement which exists, as its name would imply, only on paper. Real progress has been made this past year. We are beginning to root ourselves into the country. To organize. we must first educate. The foremost educator we have we have is the "White Sentinel" and our other publications. By a much wider distribution of our publications, we can aid in this."

The following is quoted from an article entitled "On Racial Integrity" by JULIAN L. IMBO, a member of the National Executive Board,

which appeared in the November, 1953 issue of the "White Sentinel".

"The deplorable incident that transpired at the Chicago Housing Project - while white folks slept - is but one of the many examples that plainly shows what can and is happening under the promotion of misguided public officials whom you have placed in power! Instead of becoming alert to the racial and social dangers befalling this nation of ours, the majority are sleeping at the sentry gates!... The White people of the housing project have awakened to the dire fact that all is not gold that glitters! The lullaby of "tolerance and brotherly love" that sounded so sweetly in their ears, intoned by the engineers of racial and mental destruction, is but another step to destroy their peace of mind, health and mental security. They now know that the dangers of sexual and social amalgamation of their loved ones is at their very doorstep. They now know that the decent and self-respecting life that an individual and family has the right to enjoy under the American Constitution is slowly being stranged by their own chosen candidates and votes ... No man should hold public office who does not support a Free White America."

In a letter to members dated December 21, 1953, under the facsimile signature of HELEN M. WOLF, Secretary-Treasurer, states that on December 10, 1953, a Institution of Human Rights sponsored by the St. Louis Council on Human Relations" was held at Kiel Auditorium in St. Louis, and states that the afternoon session was followed by a dinner and that NCPA officials applied for tickets to the dinner because they were interested in all interracial propaganda. The letter states, "After several days, Mr. DUKE DUFORD. Acting Commissioner of the Council, called our office and said our request for tickets had been denied. We protested that this was discrimination and we had as much right to attend a public session paid for by the tax payers of St. Louis (in part, if not entirely), as anyone else. However, Mr. DUFORD replied that the committee in charge did not want us there as the dinner was only for "those in sympathy" with the aims of the Institution, or in other words, the race mixers... We cannot see why the City of St. Louis should spend money for such proceedings as this. The entire Institution was devoted to finding ways and means to make the white citizens of St. Louis accept the Negro as his social equal. Why should the tax payer finance such a thing?...If the Negro organizations want to sponsor such an Institution, let them do it with their own money. St. Louis could save many thousands of dollars each year by discontinuing those so-called Institutions of Human Rights and its Council on Human Relations. Let the race mixers pay for their own propaganda."

-42-

In an undated letter on the letterhead of the NCPA, which was distributed by the organization in April, 1954, over the facsimile signature of FORFST W. WOLF, National Chairman, it states that the NCPA is a non-profit educational corporation legally constituted under the Laws of the State of Tennessee. The following is quoted from this letter: "A grave situation confronts the white citizens today. Under the guise of democracy, civil rights, FEPC, and Brotherhood, the Negroid race is being forced upon this virtually defenseless and unorganized white majority. We do not wish to mix, fraternize, or socialize with Negroes. We do not want our children to attend schools, theaters or dances with them. We do not want our mothers, wives, daughters, or sisters attacked by Negro rapists. Yet, fellow Americans, that is what is happening on an ever increasing scale in our country today. Unless the white man rises from his slumber to defend himself. it will continue to grow worse. Our music, literature, press, radio. television, schools, colleges, and even churches are being corrupted and perverted by interracial propaganda. The minds of our children are being warped and distorted by evil propaganda called 'tolerance'.

"The Anti-Defamation League, Communists and other Marxists, the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, the Urban League, and other interracial outfits have banded together in a vast conspiracy to destroy our white heritage. They are actively working to destroy the white race by breaking down segregation and the racial barriers which helped make America great. Without segregation, America could not have reached the heights it has. She would long ago have been destroyed as has every nation in history that allowed its blood to be mixed with that of the colored races. The National Citizens Protective Association actively works for the separation of the races...If our American way of life is to be defended, the white citizens must organize."

According to SL T-1, the regular membership meeting of the NCPA was held on January 21, 1954, at Albrecht's Hall in St. Louis, at which the main speaker was JOHN W. HAMILTON. HAMILTON stated that the Republican Party was selling the country short on all the promises made before the election. He expressed the opinion that he would not be surprised if the country put the Democratic Party back in power at the next election. HAMILTON stated that he also thought that the time might be ripe for the forming of a good third party. In answer to a suggestion that the NCPA might be able through their present membership to build a party to work for the American and send the Negro back to where he belonged, HAMILTON stated that this was the ultimate goal of the NCPA. He stated, however, that this could not be done at the present time because additional time was needed for the organization to grow larger and stronger before this could be attempted.

-43-

SL 100-10834 B. Literature Dissimanated Informant T-1 has advised that the NCPA regularly received poetry written by OLIVER ALLSTORM, a resident of Chicago, Illinois. According to this source, this poetry is very anti-Negro in content and is usually fairly lengthy. These poems are frequently published after receipt by the NCPA in the form of a leaflet and widely distributed at 5¢ per copy or 50 copies for \$1.00. The following is a list of titles of such poems, all written by OLIVER ALLSTORM, which have been printed and distributed by the NCPA. The poems themselves are not being set out here due to their length. "The White man's Burden" "Africa Am Callin' Me" "The President's Daughter" "Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, Traitors to the USA, Must Die" "Citizens of Cicero" "A White Girl Marries a Negro" "The Unsofisticated Negro" "The Mongrel" "White Supremacy" According to T-1, the following literature has also been published and distributed by the NCPA: "What Will Our Decendants Be? Anglo-Saxon Or Mulatto?" The above leaflet which has been distributed by the NCPA, attacks racial propaganda of the NAACP and states that at the rate we are moving, in another one hundred years the Ethiopean or Mulatto will be the ruler of our Anglo-Saxon nation. The reverse side of this leaflet quotes a newspaper clipping which the leaflet states was sent to Judge DOUGLAS, Charleston, South Carolina, on September 18, 1858, by Mr. ABRAHAM LINCOLN which it states expresses LINCOLN's stand on the racial question. This is quoted as follows: "I am not nor ever have been in favor of bringing about in any way the social and political equality of the white and black races. I am not nor ever have been in favor of making voters or jurors of Negroes, nor of qualifying them to hold office, nor to intermarry with white people. I will say in addition to this, that there is a physical difference between the white and black races which I believe will forever forbid the two races -44-

living together on terms of social and political equality; and inasmuch as they cannot so live, while they do remain together there must be the position of the inferior and the superior, and I am, as much as any other man, in favor of having the superior position assigned to the white race."

"Communist Equality"

This leaflet contains a drawing of a white man with a Negro superimposed onto the face of the white man. The reverse side of this leaflet states that both Negroes and Asiatics are two lower races and are similar in many respects, both having very little culture. It states in part, "Negroes and Asiatics are Catalytic. You cannot raise them — but they will lower you. They have destroyed many white civilizations by breeding into them. Communists spend millions of dollars in the United States to make us think Negroes and Asiatics are the equal of whites. This sort of propaganda will destroy the civilized world."

"The Mongrel Pot"

This leaflet distributed by the NCPA urges the recipient to tell his preacher and politician how he feels about the Negro. It states that the attempt to influence white people to accept Negroes is sponsored by subversive elements who are working with Russia. It states in part, "Be wise and keep your white children away from Negroes and from mixing with Negroes socially in schools. Remember the Negro is a lower form. He has one thing in common with the higher apes - sickle-cell anemia. He is a catalyst. One drop of Negro blood in your family destroys your white blood forever. Organize! Don't become extinct to please the Communists and the low American politician. Remember the truth about the Negro is not allowed to be heard in America because subversives control your newspaper and radio.

"More Truth About the Community Chest - Facts You Are Supposed to Know"

This leaflet was widely distributed by the NCPA in the St. Iouis area and was the second leaflet distributed by the organization concerning the Community Chest. It states that contrary to popular belief, the Community Chest does not give financial relief except in times of rare

emergency. It also states that during 1953 the St. Louis Community Chest gave \$64,834. to the Urban League which "is a Negro Political pressure group which seeks to force white employers to hire Negroes instead of whites. The Urban League spends its time and money attacking segregation and working to mix the blacks with the whites in schools, restaurants, theaters, and all public places. It takes part in political campaigns and union elections. It encourages Negroes to buy property in white neighborhoods. Nearly all its funds come from the Community Chest. It reports raising only \$860 its last year." This leaflet further states that the Community Chest also gave \$17.839 to the St. Louis Round Table of the National Conference of Christians and Jews which is "an interracial propaganda outfit." It further states that this organization "spews forth a constant barrage of "brotherhood", tolerance, and Negro-loving propaganda. No good is done by this group much less any charity. Yet, part of every dollar given to the Chest goes to 1615 Chemical Building to finance race mixing propaganda." The leaflet also states that the National Conference of Christian and Jews each year sponsors an all-day interracial youth conference held in St. Louis at which white and Negro students mix and mingle together "in the name of sweet brotherhood,"

The leaflet states that for the past three year officials of the NCPA have been asking the Community Chest to afford them a hearing in order to present evidences that they have against the Chest. It states that so far the Chest has refused to grant the NCPA a hearing and refuses to examine the material which has been collected by the NCPA. It states that "so long as the Chest continues to use charity funds to promote mongrelization, race mixing, birth control, and waste its money on social welfare schemes, we will continue to expose it."

A statement appearing in the December, 1953 issue of the "White Sentinel" reflects that 18,000 leaflets such as the above concerning the Community Chest were distributed within the St. Louis area. In a letter to NCPA members dated November 23, 1953, the effectiveness of the Community Chest leaflet distributed by the NCPA is discussed. It also states that the NCPA Office was visited by the Industrial Secretary of the St. Louis Urban League "who was very upset about the reaction our leaflet had caused. We had a long talk with STOVALL who actually tried to get us to stop the distribution of them. This was proof to us that we had hit them hard. With your help, we will continue to expose all activities detrimental to a free, white America.

The "White Sentinel" and other literature published by the NCPA frequently contains writings under the pen name of "GULLIPEN". The July,

1953 issue of the "White Sentinel" states that "CULLIPEN" is the pen name of an artist and author of note who is devoting his talent to the cause of white supremacy. It states that he is the author of several tracts published by the NCPA and that he had also drawn the descriptive pictures 'accompanying each of these. The article states that this individual is working on several more of these tracts which will be issued by the NCPA in the future.

C. Statements From Official Organ Showing Stand of Organization on white Supremacy

The October, 1953; issue of the "White Sentinel" contains an article captioned "South Africa Sets an Example". This states that the Nationalist Government of the Union of South Africa was re-elected to power as the champion of white supremacy. After the voters realized that there could be no compromise with the racial issue, this was possible. It states that "the basic struggle in the world today is between the white race and the colored races. The colored races are not our friends. The more the white race does for them, the more they hate us. The more billions America heaps upon them, the stronger Communism grows. South Africa has announced to the world that it is and will remain a white man's country. It will not tolerate the spread of Communistic inspired racial equality doctrine. South Africa is setting a splendid example for the rest of the world to follow.

In the same issue of the "White Sentinel", an article entitled "Chicago Gives the Lie to the Race Mixers Claims", states that Chicago has been held up as an example to the rest of the nation that race mixing can work. This article states that 750 police were needed to quell white women protesting the Negro invasion of Chicago's all-white Trumbull Homes Housing Project. The article states that police were on 24-hour duty to protect the Negro from the aroused and outraged white citizens who strongly resented the Negroes moving into the housing project. It states that although the "white people of Chicago are deluged with propaganda of 'tolerance and brotherhood', yet when faced with reality, they react the same as other white Americans. The interracialists boast about Chicago and about how far integration has gone there. This should prove to all that the white man does not want to mix with Negroes and will go to great lengths to prevent it. The article states that the NCPA stands for the separation of the races and that the white man must organize to protect himself.

The December, 1953 issue of the "White Sentinel" contains an article entitled "School Segregation Greatly Needed". It states that

-47-

in attempting to give the Negroes equal school facilities in many cases, the Negro school building and equipment are superior to those of the whites. It states that this, however, will not satisfy the Negro, and that he will not be satisfied with anything short of total integration. In reference to the statement issued by the NAACP following its annual convention in St. Louis, Missouri, in June, 1953, in which the NAACP announced that it has "abandoned its separate but equal theory in favor of total integration in its fight to abolish racial discrimination", it states that the NAACP bases for this contention is that segregation in public schools makes the Negro feel inferior. It continues, "How ridiculous. Segregation does not make the white people feel inferior, so should it, in itself, make Negroes feel inferior? We do not doubt that they feel inferior because they are inferior to begin with. It is not segregation that makes them feel so, but their own natural inferiority... They are determined to destroy our white race and believe that through mixing in the schools, this will come about."

In the April, 1954 issue of the "White Sentinel", there appears an article entitled "Race Mixing in the Armed Forces." This article states that by order of the President, all of the men and women in the services are expected to mix with Negroes and in some cases to be commanded by Negro Officers. It continues that "Under the Eisenhower Administration the race mixing policies of the Truman Administration have been continued and extended. This is largely because of a contest between the Republican and the Democrat, particularly over who will get the Negro vote. The wishes and desires of the men and women in the services and the overwhelming majority of American citizens seems to be of no consequence as Northern politicians go all out for the Negro vote. The best interest of our armed force is secondary to the determination to mongrelize our armed forces.

D. Future Activity

According to T-1, one of the main activities of the NCPA has been to follow closely legislation which is pending in the National and various State Legislatures which bears on the question of race or which in any way effects the segregation of the white and Negro races. The NCPA has frequently published literature urging all members and leaders to oppose any rederal or State Legislation which might be of benefit to the Negro in breaking down segregation.

According to this source, FOREST WOIF, National Chairman, has stated that it is the desire of the officers of the NCPA to attempt to organize chapters of the organization in every state in order that the NCPA

might work on a national basis in combatting the Negro problem. Officers of the organization, according to this source, are putting emphasis on efforts to establish new chapters and to spread and strengthen those already established.

According to T-1, in February, 1954, FOREST WOLF stated that as soon as the finances were available the NCPA would hold a national convention which would be in a centrally located city where it would be possible for the most members to gather conveniently. WOLF stated that at this time it was still too early to hold such a convention because the organization is still in the formative stage. WOLF expressed hope that the convention of the organization might be held in the late summer of 1954.

V. MISCELLANEOUS

A. Anti-Jewish Stand by NCPA

The front page of the March, 1954 issue of the "White Sentinel" contains an article which appeared in the February 12, 1954 issue of "The American Hebrew", a newspaper, under the headline "Nationalist Agitators Fight Moves Against Discrimination." This article states that one of the new white supremacy organizations is misleadingly named National Citizens Protective Association with headquarters in St. Louis, Missouri. It claims that this organization has discovered a new line of appeal in claiming to be for the "right of free choice", meaning the right to establish segregated neighborhoods, to discriminate in hotels, restaurants, and theaters, and to refuse jobs to Jews, Negroes, and other minorities.

In reply to the above article, the "White Sentinel" states, "The attack on the National Citizens Protective Association and its official organ, the "White Sentinel", by the "American Hebrew", does not deny the truth of one single thing we have ever said or published. Instead, it resorts to the lowest form of attack, name-calling, and selected certain exerpts from our material and calls them 'vicious, insidious, and scurrilious'. We have the truth to back up every charge we have made. If the "American Hebrew" and the so-called non-sectarian Anti-Nazi League do not like what we print, that is too bad. We will continue to publish the truth until we are proved wrong. The article goes on to state that basic laws and customs in America give American citizens the right to discriminate and that this is an essential prerequisite of freedom and liberty. It

states that if our republican form of government is to continue, there must be no special rights and privileges to racial minorities. It states further that the white Christian majority in the United States has a right to separate themselves from Negroes, Puerto Ricans, or any other unwanted racial groups. The article concludes that "The National Citizens Protective Association is dedicated to protecting the rights of the white people in America; that we will continue to do, regardless of the smear and vilification of the enemies of the white race."

B. Opposition by Civil Rights Congress

CRC has been cited by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

In August, 1953, T-7 advised that the St. Louis Chapter of the CRC had received some literature published by the NCPA which had been received by the local Chapter from WILLIAM L. PATTERSON, National Executive Secretary of the CRC. In view of this, the St. Louis CRC plan to take action suggested by PATTERSON to form a delegation of white and Negro CRC members to visit the FBI protesting against the distribution of anti-Negro literature by the NCPA.

According to this source, it was suggested by the CRC that a committee be set up to contact as many organizations as possible, including the NAACP, labor unions, churches, Negro aldermen, Negro newspapers, and the Urban League. According to this source, CRC officers felt that the use of this literature by the CRC would be an excellent means for the CRC to gain support and backing on the discrimination question.

In September, 1953, T-8 furnished a leaflet published by the St. Louis Chapter of the CRC which was distributed in the St. Louis area. This leaflet stated that the whole country was being flooded by vicious leaflets published by the Fascists and men who wished to enslave the minority. It stated that the organization publishingthis literature was the National Citizens Protective Association. The leaflet called upon the recipient to write to the St. Louis Human Relations Council to demand the outlawing of the NCPA.

VI. CONTACTS OF THE ORGANIZATION

T-1 has advised that since the summer of 1953 the NCPA has succeeded in recruiting a number of members into the organization who live in various parts of the United States. According to this source, these

people have been recruited for the most part by means of wide distribution of literature on the part of the organization and are considered "members at large" of the NCPA. According to this source, the officers of the NCPA plan to increase these members at large and in some cases to attempt to build a new chapter of this organization around such members.

T-9 has furnished a list of individuals in various parts of the country who are contacts of the NCPA, some of whom are believed to be members of the organization, although to exact status of each is unknown.

The list is included on the following pages:

ALABAMA

BANKHEAD, JOHN H.

9-D, University Court Apartments, Tuscaloasa, Alabama

CAMBRON, JAMES B.

RR1 Box 899, Bessemer, Alabama

MAXWELL, T. H.

Wooebank Farm, R-1, Tuscaloasa, Alabama

MC LURE, JOHN R.

916 Colonial Place, Tuscaloasa, Alabama

821 Wood Avenue N., Florence, Alabama.

ARIZONA

CONAN, MRS. M.

1146 E. Fillmore, Phoenix

GRASS, MRS. h.

30 W. Cambridge, Phoenix

HIGGINS, W. S.

3034 E. Belleview, Phoenix

THOMAS,

2158 E. Violet Drive, Phoenix

ARKANSAS

BABB, J. J.

533 West Hillsboro, El Dorado, Arkansas

Scott, Arkansas

DARTCH, K.

CALIFORNIA

ADCOCK, M. E.

315 W. 109th Place, Los Angeles

AMERICAN NATIONALISTS

Box 301, Inglewood, California

BEATTY, ALTA MAE

6217 Converse, Los Angeles

BLAKE, ALDRICH

269 Cypres Drive, Laguna Beach

BIENDARA, A.

932 Beacon, Los Angeles

BROWN, J. H.

702 West 3rd, Los Angeles

BURKE, DELLA

....

CARRIER, MARY B.

2907 South Hope, Los Angeles

712 South West Lake Avenue, Los Angeles

CUNNINGHAM, FRANK

DAVIS, DAN

DE PAUL, J.

EVANS, FERN

FREEDOM OF CHOICE COMMITTEE

GRICOURT, RODNEY

HANKINSON, MRS. R. E.

HEILMANN, MARGARET

HEILMANN REALTY COMPANY

HICKBORN, FRANKLIN

HOBSON, RICHARD C.

KASTER, RUSSELL

LAMERDEL, PETER

MALONE, GEORGE F.

MOTHER, W. H.

NELSON, MRS. E.

MELSON, MRS. MARIE

PARK FLOOR COMPANY

PROJSHAW, GRACE

SANDERS. A.

SEQUOIA UNIV. PRESS

SEUFFERT, MRS. DESSIE E.

SHAMO, VACELE

SMITH, LESTER L.

431 Georgina Avenue, Santa Monica

120 South G. Stroot, Tulari

126 South Avenue 214, Los Angeles

540 Amalfi Drive, Santa Monica

206 W. 4th, Santa Ana

7356 Stewart & Gray Road, Downey

8117 Elizabeth Avenue, Southgate

RR Avenue, Tampleton

1900 West 54th, Los Angeles

1091 Fremont, Santa Chara

2508 West 81st Street, Inglewood

14740 Valeno Street, Van Nuys

1040 Hampton Road, Arcadia

2318-47th Avenue, Oakland

1275-8th Avenue, San Francisco

274 Whitney Street, San Francisco

833 South Grand, Los Angeles

8117 Elizabeth, Southgate

4750 Cherokee, San Diego

2627 Griffin, Los Angeles

Box 4007 Village Station, Los Angeles

1337 Island Avenue, Wilmington

1656 O'Farrell Street, San Francisco

45th MPC, APO 84, San Francisco

TEARNSTROM, A. C.

TOWNS, W. G.

UNITED WEIGHBORS

TO THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER

BRINER, MRS. BEAS

CHAPMAN, MRS. STELLA

CONNOR, WILLIAM L.

DONNER, ROBERT.

FROGGE, LULISA

HALLAWELL, D. A.

KENESSON, CARL M.

NELSON, ELIZABETH

PIERCE, MRS. JANE R.

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD

DOLAN, MRS. PHILIP A.

FINEMAN, A.

FOX, GEORGE H.

GRAHAM, G. E.

GRAVE, FRANK

Box 1447, Glendale

428 South Avenue 56, Los Angeles

Box 7066 Station G, Los Angeles

Box 297, Balboa Island

1312 Jackson Street, Apartment 2, San Francisco

216 West 14th Ontario

Box 868, Santa Ana

COLORADO

317 E. Cucharras, Colorado Springs

1405 E. 21st Avenue, Denver

1026 St. Paul, Denver

836 N. Tejon Street, Colorado Springs

821 Broadway, Denver

Box 82, La Junita, Colorado

821 Broadway, Denver

390 South Federal, Denver

1154 Carona, Denver

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Washington, D. C.

4608 Sargent Road, N. E.

Box 472 Benjamin Franklin Station

1610 Riggs Place, N. W.

General Delivery, Washington

Box 1907, Washington

SL 100-10834	
HOLLAND, G. L.	Box 5155, Washington
NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR ADVANCEMENT OF WHITE PEOPLE	1346 Conn. Avenue, N. W.
OPERATION AMERICA INC.	1120 Vermont Avenue, N. W.
SKINNER, A. G.	57 Crittenden Street, N. E.
TARSTER, BENJAMIN J.	1707 Lenon Place, N. W.
	FLORIDA
HARRELL, L. W.	2501 Poeford Road, Orlando
JARDAN, J. L.	Glendale, Miami
KLEINSCHMIDT, FRED K.	29 N. E. 102nd Street, Miami
LEE, ROBERT H.	Box 77, Mayo
MC HALE, FRANCIS M.	2037 Oak Street, Jacksonville
NALLI, I. BEVERLY INC.	311 W. Forsythe, Jacksonville
SEARLE, E. C.	1135 Main Street, Jacksonville
WHITE, L. B.	Oldsmar, Florida
	12 S. E. 10th Avenue, Ft. Lauderdale
	GEORGIA
METHODIST VOICE	Clayton
RUCKER BROTHERS	118 South Jackson Street, Albany
STONER, J. B.	Box 48, Atlanta
	78 Lindbergh Drive, N. E., Atlanta
	1100 No. Jefferson Street, Albany
· ·	403 Walker Street, Augusta
	IDAHO
ABBOTT, HY DANA	Box 506, Boise
CAXTON PRINTERS, LTD.	Caldwell, Idaho

SL 100~10834

ALLSTORM, OLIVER

G. T. B.

CANNON, ANNE

DYKSTRA. A.

EPSTEIN, GEORGE

FACT FINDER

FRUKS, K. S.

GUNDLACH, MONROE

HARKLESS, GEORGE

HOWARD,

IMBER. J. P.

KLOCKLING, FRED

LOCKWOOD, D. S.

MACK. JAMES

MOORE, JOHN SPECIALTY CO.

NELSON, M.

NELSON. M.

PATTON, LEO

PLEASANT, FRED B.

POTVIN, LORETTA

RHEUDE, MARY B.

ROTH, SARAH

SHAPLIL, H.

ILLINOIS

4735 N. Magnolia, Chicago

64 E. Lake, Chicago

1014 E. 54th, Chicago

44 West 107th Street, Chicago

5414 N. Kanmore, Chicago

35 E. Wacker Drive, Chicago

545 North Wells, Chicago

616 No. Main. Columbia

4100 Keystone, Chicago

1049 Berwyn, Chicago

2633 N. Spaulding Avenue, Chicago

6406 So. Winchester, Chicago

8641 So. Maryland, Chicago

3 Walnut Ct., Alton

6130 No. Hiawatha, Chicago

1914 W. School Street, Chicago

469 Deming Place, Chicago

6326 A. GIDDINGS, Chicago

Mattoon, Illinois

6033 So. Peoria, Chicago

3552 W. Cermak Road, Chicago

1524 N. Clark Street, Chicago

#1210-30 N. Dearborn, Chicago

STELLER, HELEN

TAKHEIM, GEORGE

TAPPLEBERRY, J. A.

VERGAS, NORTON

WE THE MOTHERS MOBILIZE FOR

AMERICA

WOLF, PHIL

KEEVER. MRS. RENA

LAMB, D.

NESBIT, O.

PATRICK, PAUL W.

RODENSECK, ALBERT D.

DUTY, GEORGE

FIELDS, EDWARD

BAKER. CAROLYN

FISKE, EDGAR

SCHAFER, GERALD G. JR.

DUCKHAM, HENRY

MARSHALL, J. W.

18610 Homewood Avenue, Homewood, Illinois

2738 Pine Grove, Chicago

4735 N. Magnolia, Chicago

2352 E. 70th Street, Chicago

537 So. Dearborn, Chicago

3207 W. Argyle Street, Chicago

INDIANA

509 So. 8th, West Terre Haute

RR 2, Tennyson

833 So. 24th, South Bend

5145 E. Walnut, Indianapolis

RR 3, Fort Wayne

IOWA

366 No. Hillcrest, Iowa City

P. O. Box 1130, Davenport

. MARYLAND

1708 Crystal, Baltimore

Box 171, Mishawoka ...

3215 Montabello Terrace, Baltimore

2113 Charles St. North, Baltimore

MASSACHUSETTS

37 Symphony Road, Boston

12 Mountain, Somerville

44 Larchmont Road, Melrose

1120 No. Main Street, Fall River

BEASKA. BESSIE M. BURCH, ALOMA DERIS, KATHERIN FLEIN, EMERICH GOODWIN, GRAHAM, J. JONES, J. MAYEW, BETTY MOSHER, EDITH R. PEACE BAPTIST CHURCH PENINSULA PRINTING CO. PREDKI, A. V. ROOD, ROYAL D. RYLE, E. Ra STREETER, O. WIANDT, JOHN T.

BERKINS, MRS. C.

CLAETER, E. O.
HAINES, HALVOR E.

NEMITZ, HENRY H.

MICHIGAN

7336 Reuter, Dearborn 5953 15th street, Detroit 22417 Gregory, Dearborn 2967 Carrollton Street, Saginaw. 19922 Goulburn, Detroit 4258 4th Street, Detroit Lee Plaza Hotel, Detroit 8734 12th Street, Detroit 526 So Capital, Lansing 1345 Goddard Road, Detroit 3551 Holcomb, Detroit 3485 Rohns, Detroit 4501 Cicotte Street, Detroit 2288 14th Street, Detroit 1453 Hubbard, Detroit 29 Collingwood, Detroit 2419 Grand River Avenue, Detroit Box 412 Farmington, Detroit 1593 Cadillac Boulevard, Detroit

MINNESOTA

1866 Graham, St. Paul
RR 2, Montevideo
4352 15th Street, Minneapolis
415 N. Main, Austin

O'NIVEN, J. A.

STEVENS, CHARLES V.

CHESTEAU, A. J.

ENGLE, CHARLES F.

LYON SERVICE STATION

ABSHLER, EDW.

ACE SUPPLY CO.

CRAWELL, WILLIAM

DAMM, AUGUST

E. D.

EILERS, MRS. E.

GLASSEY, MARGARET

HENRY, JOHN H.

HESSLER, CY

HOSTY, CHARLES E.

IMBO, J. L.

KEIRLE, CHARLES

KUHN,

MARQUART, GEORGE

MARSTON MFG. CO.

Rushford, Minnesota

4778 Washburn Avenue S, Minneapolis

5241 Morgan Avenue S, Minneapolis

MISSISSIPPI

618 Poplar, Grenada

Box 222, Natchez

Tupelo, Mississippi

Box 106 Holly Ridge

MISSOURI

1809 Warren Street, St. Louis

4261 Miami, St. Louis

816 Pennsylvania Avenue, University City

3615 S. Broodway, St. Louis

5564 Chamberlain, St. Louis

1388 N. Union, St. Louis

28 Portland Place, St. Louis

3838A Olive, St. Louis

1916A E. John, St. Louis

308 E. North Street, California

3626 So. Jefferson, St. Louis

1475 Big Bend Road, Webster Groves

1041 Kuhlman, Webster Groves

6405 Lillian, St. Louis

Marston, Missouri

SL 100-10834 MATHEWS, W. L. MATSON, OLIN PAGE MAYER. E. MC GEE, Mo POITING, A. RICHMOND, ALMA KOSEGREA, OLIVER SCHNEIDER, NORMAN H. SONDIERRES, HENRI SCHNALLER, FRED SIKES, G. W. SIRHEE, E. E. SPERCER, WILLIAM G. STINSON & WYNN THATCHER, ALTON VOGT, EDWARD WALTERS, JOHN P. WASEM, FRED WOLFE, WILLIAM

1929 Lynch, St. Louis 5128 Page Boulevard, St. Louis 4522 Arsenal, St. Louis 3536 Morganford, St. Louis 5011 Maple Avenue, St. Louis 5701 Myrtle, Kansas City 1330A Franklin, St. Louis 625 Connonbury Drive, Webster Groves 2910 Baltimore, Kansas City 5116 Hampton, St. Louis 5351 Delmar, St. Louis 5257 Maple Avenue, St. Louis 23 So. Kirkwood Road, St. Louis 494 Arcade Building, St. Louis dox 81 Netherlands, Missouri 9433 Dana, St. Genevieve 632 Walter, Lemay 1809A So. 3rd, St. Louis Mineral Point, Missouri 4153 Maryland Avenue, St. Louis Apartment 601, 625 S. Skinker, St. Louis 8761 Sappington, Road, St. Louis 5511 Devonshire, St. Louis

2620 Poe Avenue, Overland

NEBRASKA

LEWIS, EDWARD

P. O. Box 71, Parks, Nebraska

NEW JERSEY

COMMON SENSE.

Union, New Jersey

LAURIER, RICHARD

28 Sylvon Avenue, Bergenfield

MACRARIE, KEN

36 Harding Avenue, North Arlington

NEW YORK

CLARKE, JAMES C.

#1127 17 East 42nd Street, New York City

THE FREEMAN

240 Madison Avenue, New York City

LANGROD, JOHN G.

467 Central Park West, New York City

MC NAMARA, ROBERT D.

50 Park - Street, New York City

STUART, LYLE

225 Lafayette Street, New York City

82 Woeppel Street, Buffalo

NORTH CAROLINA

HIPPE, ERNEST

Box 115 Ashville, N. C.

NORTH DAKOTA

SAD, MISS INGA

209 6th Avenue, S. W., Valley City

Box 254, Arnegard

OHIO

BABER, J. O.

Spencerville,

BRADSHAW, MRS. RUTH

1807 Point View Avenue, Youngstown

CASSELL, W. R.

Box 64 Gates Mills

DAVIS, RICHARD N.

521 30th Street N. W., Canton

DALTON, M.

Box 107, Twinsbury

FINNEY, BILL

701 Linwood Avenue, Columbus

SL 100-10834 GRENLING, JOHN 1574 E. 47th, Cleveland HARRIL, H. 995 Linwood, Dayton INDEPENDANT PRESS 10-16 S. Patterson, Dayton OAKLEY, REMA V. 593 belvidere. Columbus MAIER, THOMAS H. 1627 E. 82nd Street, Cleveland SHIBELEY, BERNICE 2421 E. 5th Street, Dayton SMITH, H. O. Box 1784 Cincinnati STEIGER, ROBERT P. 663 State Avenue, Cincinnati Box 41, Osgood THOBE, JOSEPH H. WEST, HARRISON T. 182 Crestview Road, Columbus XXXIIIR . PETER L. 335 Linwood, Dayton 323 Gramont Avenue, Dayton 1384 W. 6th Avenue, Columbus OKLAHOMA HUNNICUTT, H. L. Stilwell MURRAY, WILLIAM H. Oklahoma City 303 City National Bank Building, Oklahoma City STURDEVANT, KITTLE C. OREGON BOUND, MRS. MARIE L. 3609 S. E. 63rd, Portland MARK, EDWARD Eugene, Oregon ROBINSON, DAVID 502 Pacific Building, Portland URBAN LEAGUE OF PORTLAND 408 So. W. Third Avenue, Portland Box 12, Condon, Oregon

2203 S. E. Yamhill Street, Portland

GLOVER, A

HALL, MRS. H.

HINES, WILLIAM

MORON, JAMES

ZOTH, WILL

MILLER & ARTHUR INC.

ZECH, CHARLES W.

COLE, ARTHUR B.

GRIFFIN, MRS. H. S., SR.

LEE, ROBERT W.

MILLS, CHARLES E.

MONTGOMERY, T. R.

MATLOW, FELIX

SLAHWIN, (2) L. FRANKLIN

PENNSYLVANIA

6215 Steles, Philadelphia

RD 3, Washington Avenue, Erie

122 So. 40th, Philadelphia

3107 Hazelhurst, Pittsburg

5 Jones Street, Etna, Pennsylvania

Box 493 Aliquippa, Pennsylvania

Box 220 Quakertown, Pennsylvania

SOUTH CAROLINA

236 W. Evans Street, Florence

SOUTH DAKOTA

Watertown, South Dakota

TENNESSEE

Box 11, La Fallette

Arlington

2908 Morningside Drive, Nashville

Box 64, Jellico

425 Hickman Building, Memphis

309 N. Atlanta Street, Tullohoma

112 Union Street, Nashville

765 Chestnut Street, Memphis

TEXAS

AMERICAN HERITAGE PROTECTIVE

COMMITTEE

Box 2187, San Antonio

-63-

BIGGERS, E. M.

FREEMAN, B. HAYDEN

KARNAKY, KARL JOHN

MILLER, HORACE S.

RICHTER, H. A.

SAILSBURY, O. E.

SCHULZE, E. G.

SHODER, J. T.

SHARES, J. B.

VOLLMER, W. G.

Houston, Texas

Texas Military Institute, San Antonio

329 Medical Arts Building, Houston

1401 N. 13th Street, Waco

ENNIS, Texas

301 University, Waxohachie

4839 Philip, Dallas

R-1, Frost

Dallas

902 Texas and Pacific Building, Dallas

Box 2187, San Antonio

Box 326, Paris, Texas

UTAH

KING COALITION MINES CO.

Salt Lake City

Box 2243, Salt Lake City

47 E. South Temple, Salt Lake City

VIRGINIA

ADDISON, MRS. M. C.

COX, EARNEST S.

JONES, WHOLESALE CO.

MONTICELLO PUBLISHERS INC.

PARKER, J. P.

WISE, JENNINGS C.

1328 Myrtle Avenue, Norfolk

Box 1724, Richmond

Bristol,

Charlottesville

Box 563, Richmond

Cloverdale ,

924 Main, Richmond

BORGHARDT, SIMON

GESCHE, A. L.

HART, MRS. NINA

LEMASTER, LETTIA

STURDY, R. W.

MAYS, MISS L.

FREY, F. H.

URBAN, WALTER

RICHARDSON, CARL T.

BONLELL, MARGARET F.

WASHINGTON

3620 S. W. 102st. Street, Seattle

1610 W. Gardner, Spokane

100 West Pine, Shelton

314 N. Emerson, Wenatchee

Box 281, Kirkland

1204 Montgomery, Mt. Vernon

WEST VIRGIMIA

415 Ross Street, Charleston

WISCONSIN

RR2, Ripon, Wisconsin

1219 Livingston Street, La Crosse

Box 4, Fond Dulac, Wisconsin

WYOMING

Box 985, New Castle, Wyoming

- P -

ADMINISTRATIVE PACE

- INFORMANTS-

This who has furnished all information by written report to b7 SA These reports are filed in SL File Copies b7 of all publications, letters, and other literature mentioned in the body cf this report have been furnished by this informant and are filed in SL	C
T-2 is who furnished information to SA of the Miami Office on 11-30-53 and 1-20-54; SL File 100-10834-235.	
T-3 is Knoxville, Tennessee, who furnished information to SA THEODORE A. SANDERS, Knoxville, on 1-19- and 1-29-54; SL File 100-10834-237.	7 C
T=4 is Council of Detroit, Detroit, Michigan, who furnished information to SA HAROLD RUBINSTEIN of the Detroit Office on 3-8-54; SL File 100-10834-239.	
T-5 is Dayton, Ohio, a FCS of Cincinnati Office, who furnished information to Cincinnati Office in June, 1953; SL File 100-10834-152.	
T-6 is LEWIS PERKINS, Chief of Police, LaFollette, Tennessee, who furnished information to SA THEODORE A. SANDERS of the Knoxville Office, on 7-14-53 and 8-3-53; SL File No. 100-10834-168.	
who furnished information to SA DAVID W. YATES b70 b71 b71	
T-8 is who furnished leaflet "Help Stop Racist Poison" to SA on 9-23-53; SL File	
T-9 is mail cover on Box 156, St. Louis 3, Missouri, official mailing address of the NCPA.	

SL 100-10834 ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE (con t.) -LEADS-ALL OFFICES NOT RECFIVING LEADS: A copy of this report is being furnished to all continental offices for information purposes, in view of the fact that the NCPA is presently distributing literature throughout the entire United States and has recruited many members at large throughout the country. All offices are referred to Section VI of this report wherein there is an alphabetical listing of individuals who are presently in contact with the organization. These are listed for indexing purposes and to serve as a future investigative aid inasmuch as some of these persons are undoubtedly members at large and might well be the organizing force for the establishment of new chapters of the organization. The Bureau has instructed that the activities of the NCPA be followed in view of possible racial disturbances which might result from its activities. However, no investigation should be conducted until such time as an organized chapter is established in a given area. THE CHICAGO DIVISION AT CHICAGO, ILLINOIS Will attempt to develop appropriate sources in Chicago to follow any organized activities of the NCPA in that area. It is noted that NCPA officials have reported the establishment of an active chapter and the recruitment of new members in Chicago. It is also noted that the Chicago Chapter has a mailing address of Post Office Box 391, Chicago 90, Illinois, and is reported to be now holding regular monthly meetings. THE DETROIT DIVISION AT DETROIT, MICHIGAN Will maintain contact with the established sources for any evidence of organized activities of the reported newly formed NCPA chapter in Detroit. -67SL 100-10834

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE (con t.)

LEADS (con't.)

(At Detroit, Michigan)

Will report any available background information on ALEXANDER V. b6 b70 PREDKI, a reported official of the Detroit Chapter. Efforts should be made to determine the identity of the reported chairman of the Detroit Chapter.

THE KNOXVILLE DIVISION

AT KNOXVILLE, TENNESSEE

Will through established contacts follow efforts of the NCPA to organize a chapter in Knoxville and will establish appropriate coverage of any active organization.

AT LAFOLLETTE, TENNESSEE

Will establish appropriate sources to follow the activities of the LaFollette Chapter and efforts by ARTHUR B. COLE to expand the present membership in the Eastern Tennessee area.

THE MEMPHIS DIVISION

AT NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE

Will through established sources attempt to determine if the NCPA reportedly organized in Nashville has begun any organized activity in that area. If investigation discloses any activities, efforts should be made to secure coverage of such activities.

AT MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE

Will through established sources ascertain available background information regarding Dr. T. R. MONTCOMERY, 425 Hickman Building, who is a member of the National Executive Board of the NCPA.

Will determine through established sources if there is an active chapter of the NCPA in Memphis.

SL 100-10834

ADMENISTRATIVE PAGE (con't.)

LEADS (con't.)

THE MIAMI DIVISION

AT MIAMI and JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

Will through established sources follow and report activities of the NCPA in the Jacksonville and Miami area.

"ill through established sources follow and report efforts of the NCPA to establish new chapters within the Tri-State area of Florida, Georgia, and Alabama.

Will follow the progress of the suit filed against the Attorney General and Secretary of the Navy by FRANCIS McHALE of Jacksonville, Florida, in behalf of NCPA. It is noted that apparently efforts will be made to appeal this case to the U. S. Supreme Court.

THE MOBILF DIVISION

AT TALLAHASSEE, FLORIDA

Will through established sources continue to follow and report any organized activity by the NCPA in the Northern District of Florida.

THE ST. LOUIS DIVISION

AT ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI

Will continue to follow and report activities of the NCPA in the St. Louis area.

Will furnish information regarding the establishment of new chapters to interested offices.

Will continue to furnish the Bureau with copies of the White Sentinel, official organ of the NCPA.

SL 100-10834

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE (con't.)

b6 b7C

dated 2-25-54 at Knoxville.

-70-

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 04-22-2011 BY 60322/UC/LRP/PLJ/sdb

SAC, ST. LOUIS (105-10834)

10/9/57

SAC, PHILADELPHIA (105-1457)

ار با معجومین

> NATIONAL CIPIZENS PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION, INC. IS * X OO - St. Louis

On 9/28/57
Levittown, Pa., was contacted by SA J. CLIFFORD
GUSLEY concerning an extortion letter he received through
the mails. has been participating in activities b6
in Levittown for the durpose of harassing the
family, the family to move into the
community.
haring the course of the interview,
furnished several items of literature he had received from
various sources. He believes most were received through
the mails. Photostats were made of some of the items
and the originals returned to him on 9/28/57. requested his identity be protected with regard to the
item furnished concerning captioned matter.
The second of th
One item furnished was pages one, two and three
of a leaflet headed "White American News Service Official
News Letter, National Citizens Protective Association, Post
Office Box 156, St. Louis 3, Mo." This item is being
enclosed for the information of the St. Louis Office.
2 St. Louis (105-10834)(Enclosures-1)(Registered Mail) 479836
St. Louis (105-10834)[Enclosures-1)(Registered Mail)
3) Philadelphia (105-1457) 1-100-43184DEMONSTRATION AT RESIDENCE OF
(1-100-4510H-DEMONSTRATION AT RESIDENCE OF
Levittown, Pa., 8/13/57)
(1-9-1860UNSUB:
Viotim
e mee r o nome e ∦e
JCO:MLS 🧳
(5)
/ NV

Carry

THEY CAN

Bear Wa

105-1457-2

PH 105-1457

Leaflet states copies of same can be obtained from National Citizens Protective Association, 3154a S. Grand or P. O. Box 156, St. Louis, Mo.

2. This item is a leaflet, headed "Conquer and Breed." It shows a picture of a white girl with a slit in her skirt being chased by a Negro caricatured as a monster. At the bottom of this leaflet is the statement: "The South must fight or perish." Stapled to the leaflet was an item which requests in part help to bring back constitutional government. Item states that checks should be made payable to Manion Forum and mailed to the National Treasurer, CHARLES H. BEUTTER, Vice-President, St. Joseph Bank and Trust Company, South Bend, Indiana. The Vice-President in Charge of Organization was listed as L. F. REARDON. On the reverse of this item was a list of sponsors. Indices of the Philadelphia Office of the FBI negative on Manion Forum.

Above items are being furnished St. Louis and Indianapolis, respectively, for their information and disposition.

SAC, St. Louis (105-10834)

10/21/57

SAC, Philadelphia (105-1457)

NATIONAL CITIZENS PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION, INC. IS - Y

00 - St. Louis

On 10/7/57. SA J. CLIFFORD OUSLEY interviewed Levittown, Pa., after an unsuccessful attempt to contact him on 10/3/57. The purpose of the interview was to determine whether had any information concerning Klan activities in the Levittown area including U. S. Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, has been active in the Levittown Betterment Association, which organization was formed in Levittown after moved to that community. Tamily to move to the is the community. The Levittown Betterment Association has been opposed to integration in Levittown. _____ requested that his identity be protected. stated that he has received a considerable amount of literature which opposes integration. He said he had been given an application for membership in the U. S. Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc.; however, did not join. He said in connection with this he was given several items of literature. This was about four or five weeks ago. To the best of his recollection at the present time, the following are two items which he believes were given to him in connection with efforts to get him to join the Klan: 1. One item was a leaflet, headed "The Kiss of Death. " It states Negro blood destroyed the civilizations of Egypt, India, Phoenicia, Carthage, Greece and Rome. 2 - St. Louis (105-10834) (BNCL. - 1) 479488 1 - Indianapolis (MANION FORUM) (ENGL. - 1) 47948 -3 - Philadelphia (1 105-1457) 1 - 61-142) (KKK) 1 - 100-43184) (DEMONSTRATION AT THE RESIDENCE LEVITTOWN. 8/13/57) JCO:JMB Sin Searched Serialized

b6 b7C b7D COLUMBIA, S. C., SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1957

The State:

Five Negroes Convicted in Assault Case

PHILADELPHIA, Nov 9 (#) — A jury yesterday convicted five Negro youths on charges of assault ng and beating a teen-age white gnl in a South Philadelphia school yard.

A sixth defendant pleaded guilty Judge Louis E Levanthal immediately sentenced all six to terms in Fastern State Femientiary ranging up to 15 years

The gal, who was 17 at the time of the attack, testified her attack as diagred her into a deserted schoolyaid the night of Sept. 18. There she said, they beat her and held her down while she was being assaulted. A 16 year old white boy heard her screams and came to her aid. Three of the attackers fought with him, enabling the girl to get away.

The jury of nine women and three men deliberated about three hours in reaching the verdict.

The charges against the six in cluded criminal assault, aggravated assault and battery, and assault with intent to ravish Those convicted and their sentences are

Lerov Kelly, 22 and Ivy Lee Crossland 23 71/2 to 15 years

Joseph Crossland, 20 and hi brother Robert 19 cousins of Ivv and Donald Johnson, 17, 612 to 15 years

Roddy Miller, 17, pleaded guilty at the outset of the trial, changed his plea to innocent on one charge during the case, and then pleaded guilty again today He was sentenced to 5 to 15 years.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 04-22-2011 BY 60322/UC/LRP/PLJ/sdb

Searched
Serialized
Indexed
Filed
Of MA

105-1457-4-

This is what comes from intergration. Things like this would happen halfy about once in a hundred years. An then it is caused by some negro who has been "up North" and had a chance to miggle with the whites on a social level. Newspapers everywhere, except in the North and West, perhaps, carry stories of many crimes against the whites, and clashes between the races. Philadelphia and the whole north and west are going to wake up some day and discover how wrong they were in encouraging intergration. As they days go by you are going to find your job harder and harder on account of the negroes. I'm really sorry for you. We know how to handle the situation in the segragaded South.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 04-22-2011 BY 60322/UC/LRP/PLJ/sdb



POLICE DEPARTMENT

CITY OF PHILADELPHIA

THOMAS J. GIBBONS COMMISSIONER

ROOM 227, CITY HALL PHILADELPHIA 7, PA.

IN REPLY, REFER TO _____

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 04-22-2011 BY 60322/UC/LRP/PLJ/sdb

November 20, 1957

Mr. Norris Harzenstein Federal Bureau of Investigation 500 Widener Building Philadelphia 7, Penna.

Dear Norris:

I received the enclosed material in this morning's mail. Thought you might like to look at it.

With kindest regards

Sincerely yours,

THOMAS J. GIBBONS

Commissioner

TJG/mrg Encl.

the white Sentend 9/5? Love 9/26 per for

SCHIAL SOFT

SAC, St. Louis (105-10834)

11/26/57

SAC, Philadelphia (105-1457)

NATIONAL CITIZENS PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION; IS - X 0.0. St. Louis

On 9/25/57 THOMAS J. GIBBONS, Commissioner, Police Department, City of Philadelphia, furnished this office by mail the September 1957 issue of "The White Sentinel". This publication was furnished the Commissioner by mail from an unidentified source.

The issue is being furnished you for your information and disposition.

1 - St. Louis (105-10834) (Encl. - 1) 479240

(1) Philadelphia (105-1457)

JC0: bao 1000

CSM

105-1457-6

Director, FBI

10/11/54

SAC, Philidelphia (105-0)

CITIZE'S PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION INTERNAL SECURITY - I

b6 b7C

On September 25, 1954, Department Store, Allentown, Pa., mailed this Office the enclosed mimeographed one page circular entitled "The Kies of Death." This circular appears to have been issued by the Citizens Protective Association, P. O. Box 156, St. Louis 3, No. It states that Russia by propagandizing its mondiscrimination against the Negro hopes to mix the white stock in America with Negro blood, and thus undermine the white race. It urges discrimination against the Negro.

advised that he received this circular through the mail. It was postmarked Palm, Pa.

Two photostatic copies of this circular are also being furnished the St. Louis Office for information.

ENCLOSURE

TPH: MMK

cc: St. Louis (ENCLOSURE)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 04-22-2011 BY 60322/UC/LRP/PLJ/sdb

Su both 105-0-15-23-19-5

Men S

Kin

105-1457-70



tenth and walnut streets • allentown • pennsylvan

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 04-22-2011 BY 60322/UC/LRP/PLJ/sdb

December 20, 1956

Agent Hannigan Federal Bureau of Investigation Post Office Bldg. Allentown, Pa.

Dear Mr. Hannigan:

Enclosed please find record order we received. Included in this order was request for money for reason stated on printed sheet. We thought the matter should be looked into.

The enclosed envelope is for your convenience in returning the original order.

Very truly yours, Budget Records Co.

Saufurd L. Martell,

President

SLW/ls

orderend of the product

en 105-6-1832a

SEARCHED INDEXEDUAL SERIALIZED PARA FILED 1956

FBI — PHILADELPHIA

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 04-22-2011 BY 60322/UC/LRP/PLJ/sdb

SAC, St. Louis (Encl. 1)

1/3/57

SAC, Philadelphia (105-0)

CITIZENS PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION INTERNAL SECURITY - X

On 12/21/56 SANFORD L. WARTELL, President, Budget Records Company, 10th and Walnut Streets, Allentown, Pas, furnished SA THOMAS F. HAUNIGAN the enclosed pamphlet entitled "What Will Our Descendents Be? Anglo-Saxon or Mulatto?" This pamphlet was issued by the Citizens Protective Association, P. O. Box 156, St. Louis 3, Mo.

This pamphlet propagandizes for segregation.

It was received by complainant from

Washington, No., and was enclosed in an order from

for six phonograph records. This pamphlet is being forwarded for your information and action you deem desirable.

2 - St. Louis (Encl. 1)(479142) 1 - Philadelphia (100-0)

THIDEU
(3)

m

Search Serialized Meaning Serialized Meaning Filed Meaning Search Search

105-1457-9 (20 105-0-1832a

Ъ6 Ъ7С STANDARD FORM NO. 64

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 04-22-2011 BY 60322/UC/LRP/PLJ/sdb

Office Memorandum · united states government

TO	:	SAC	(105-1457*)		DATE:	10-21-58	
				4			
							b6
FROM	;		Correlation Cle	rk		•	b7c

SUBJECT:

NATIONAL CITIZENS PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION

IS-X

RE BU AIRTEL TO ALBANY, cc Phila., dated October 16, 1958, entitled BOMBINGS and ATTEMPTED BOMBINGS IN SOUTHERN COMMUNITIES. RACIAL MATTERS.

The Phila. Office files contain the following information on organizations which may possibly be connected with the above-captioned association:

CAMBRIDGE STREET CITIZENS PROTECTIVE LEAGUE, IS-C. It is suggested that the agent to whom this case is assigned review this file.

The following references are on the CITIZENS PROTECTIVE LEAGUE:

100-0-41044

Letter to this office from BERTRAM G. FRAZIER, Law Offices FRAZIER & FRAZIER, 2700 Girard Trust Building, Phila., 2, Pa., dated 12-17-54, which states that the Dept. of Justice in Washington had sent him the consolidated list of subversive organizations as of April 1, 1954, which he wanted for the Salvation Army. On this list was an organization known as the CITIZENS PROTECTIVE LEAGUE. He wanted to have the address of this organization and also whether or not this organization was affiliated with the CITIZENS LEAGUE OF WEST PHILA., 303 N. 52nd St., Phila., 39.

MR. FRAZIER was instructed to communicate with the Dept. of Justice in Washington.

105-425-117

On September 13, 1950, Confidential Source PH-48 furnished SA RICHARD W. HANSEN with several pamphlets and publications believed to have been in the possession of W. HENRY MAC FARLAND Director of the Nationalist Action League.

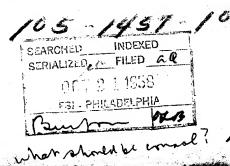
The following was among the above material:

Literature published by CITIZENS PROTECTIVE LEAGUE, 317 East 54th St., NYC, KURT MERTIG, Chairman.

(not shown if retained).

as (2)

#



wally make

MEMO SAC 10-21-58

121-00-106

BUREAU BULLETIN NO. 61, SERIES 1948, dated October 15, 1948, reflects that the Bureau received from Mr. SETH W. RICHARDSON, Chairman, Loyalty Review Board, Washington, D. C., Memo. No. 19, dated September 21,1948, which has enclosed a copy of the consolidated list prepared by the Attorney General of organizations previously designated as within Executive Order 9835 by the A.G. is letters of November 24, 1947 and May 27, 1948 (clarified on August 4, 1948. The A.G. has furnished the Loyalty Review Board with info classifying the organizations which he has listed within the Executive Order under the following categories:

(1) Totalitarian; (2) Fascist; (3) Communist; (4) Subversive; (5) Organisations which have "adopted a policy of advocating or approving the commission of acts of force and violence to deny others their rights under the Constitution of the U.S."; and (6) Organizations which "seek to alter the form of government of the U.S. by unconstitutional means."

On above list under heading "FASCIST" appears the name: CITIZENS PROTECTIVE LEAGUE.

121-00-160

BUREAU BULLETIN NO. 61, SERIES 1950, LIST OF ORGANIZATIONS DESIGNATED BY THE ATTORNEY GENERAL pursuant to Executive Order 9835 from the inception of the Loyalty Program up to October 23, 1950. The following appears thereon:

CITIZENS PROTECTIVE LEAGUE - classified as Fascist

Date of designation: 5-27-48; 9-21-48

140-00-11,10

BUREAU BULLETIN NO. 53-18, 8-6-53, contains a list of organizations designated by the Attorney General pursuant to Section 12 of Executive Order 10450. THE CITIZENS PROTECTIVE LEAGUE appears on this list, which is dated July 29, 1953.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 04-22-2011 BY 60322/UC/LRP/PLJ/sdb

1880 (105-4088)

11/20/38

SA OTIS L. BUTTON

DOMBING AND ATTROPTED HARRINGS RACIAL MATTERS

Rebusirtel, 11/7/58, captioned "NATE CHIANIZATIONS, RACIAL MATTERS."

Referenced sirtel instructed that future communications concerning organizations listed below chould include the name of the organization and "Macial Setters." The caption should no longer reflect "Internal Security - X."

1 - 100-4088 1 - 105-2090 (BOXIBLINGS AND APTEMPTED EXMELINES MAVIOO APPARINT RACIAL OF RELIGIOUS BASIS) 1 - 105-00-187a (MATE OFFICIALIZATIONS) 1 - 105-1276 (AMENICAN COMMITTEE FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF WESTERN CULTURE) 1 - 109-1174 (CHILSTIM ARTI-THATSH PARTY) 1 - 100-1646 (COMMON SENSE) (CHRISTIAN NATIONALIST CHUSADE) 1 - 105-1743 J- 105-1457 (national citizens protective association) 1 - 105-39187 (NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY) 1 - 105-2500 (MATICMALIEF PANTY) (SILVER SHIPT LEGION OF AMERICA) 1 - 65-39 1 - 105-2702 (WHITE CITIZENS COUNCIL) 1 - 10 - 1111 ("VILLIAMS INTULLICENCE SUMMARY") 1 - 61-142 (ELAN TYPE CHEANIZATIONS)

JINDENED: CHRISTIAN PATRICAS CRUSADE, ARA ACCRICAN CHRISTIAN PATRIOTS PARTY COMPEDERATE UNDERGROUND

NATIONALISY CONSERVATIVE PARTY

115-1457 - 11